THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

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BY B. F. MEYERS,

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*ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.*

Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care, in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Cash advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims.

Has for sale Town lots in Tatesville, and St. Joseph's, on Bedford Railroad. Farms and unimproved land, from one acre to 150 acres to suit purchasers.

Office nearly opposite the "Mengel Hotel" and Bank of Reed & Schell.

April 1, 1864—1y

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*ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.*

Respectfully offers his professional services to the public.

☞Office with J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

Bedford, Dec. 9, 1864.

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F. M. KIMMELL. J. W. LINGENFELTER

KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

☞Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

G. M. SPANG,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA

Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Mrs. Tate. May 1 3, 1864.

JOHN P. REED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,

*Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.*

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

☞Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Julianna Street, (nearly opposite the Mengel House.)

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

A. H. COFFROTH,

*ATTORNEY AT LAW, Somerset, Pa.*

Will hereafter practice regularly in the several Courts of Bedford county. Business entrusted to his care will be faithfully attended to.

December 9, 1861.

F. C. DOYLE, M. D.,

Tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bloody Run and vicinity. Office next door to the hotel of John C. Black. [June 10, 1864.

J. L. MARBOURG, M. D.

Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office on West Pitt street, south side, nearly opposite the Union Hotel.

Bedford, February 12, 1864.

F. M. MARBOURG, M. D.,

SCHELLSBURG, PA.,

Tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office immediately opposite the store of John E. Colvin, in the room formerly occupied by J. Henry Schell.

July 1, 1864.

DAVID DEFIBAUGH,

GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.,

Workshop same as formerly occupied by John Border, deceased. Rifles and other guns made to order, in the best style and on reasonable terms. Special attention will be given to the repairing of fire-arms. July 1, 1864—1y.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN,

BEDFORD, PA.,

☞Would hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

Bedford, Aug. 4, 1861.

J. ALSIP & SON,

Auctioneers & Commission Merchants,

BEDFORD, PA.,

Respectfully solicit consignments of Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, and all kinds of Merchandise for AUCTION and PRIVATE Sale.

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January 1, 1864—tf.

A NEW SENSATION

At Cheap Corner.

J. B. FARQUHAR has bought out one of the best stores in the County, and is able now to offer

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF GOODS TO THE PUBLIC,

*all bought before the last great rise in prices,*

and will be sold cheap for Cash.

☞Don't fail to call at Farquhar's before you purchase. J. B. FARQUHAR.

September 8, 1864.

Jacob Reed, J. J. Schell,

REED AND SCHELL,

BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

☞DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

French Merinos, Thibet Cloths, French all Wool Reps, Wool Delaines, Poplins, Mohairs, Coburg, Alpacas—all fashionable colors—cheap, at

Dec. 3, 1864. CRAMER & CO'S.

# Bedford Gazette.

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## DRAFTED.

BY MINNIE WILLIS BANES.

A sunbeam stole through the dark green shadows of a trailing honey-suckle, through the full flowing folds of a loose white curtain which shaded a cottage window, and touched the face of a woman sitting within with a pale amber gleam. It was a child-like face with its pure, pale complexion, and its eyes blue as an ivy flower, holding the soul's like a flame shining within them; chestnut brown hair rippled across a low broad forehead, and was caught abruptly and shaken out of curl into a knot behind the ear. It was a mouth sentineled by dimples from too near an approach—a soft crimson mouth, upon which the man she loved might meet the soul that loved him. She was sitting beside a sewing machine with a finished little garment just drawn from beneath the needle, leaning back with a look of rest and satisfaction at its completion in her eyes.

It was afternoon—almost six—as the hand of a little French clock pointed out the hour, and she had a great deal to tell him. What little wife has not? Grace was asleep—Grace her little seven months old baby—asleep; and her little silver belled rattle, her tooth rug and her sea shells were all scattered about the carpet. Her hair brush and one tiny slipper lay just under the folds of her mother's calico dress—wood colored field with a white vine meandering across it. Marian stood up and shook out the little rose-colored dress just finished, folded it carefully and laid it away; then up went the easy calico sleeves to the white polished elbow, and the little woman counted herself ready for her kitchen—the one room lying beyond this. She was the wife of a mechanic—one of the happy poor men who "earn their bread by the sweat of the brow," yet live the life of the soul on a level above that of the body. And this woman was like many another woman throughout the length and breadth of the country. She had been in refinement and comparative ease, and her heart was as sensitive as a mimosa plant. Her mind was not common, nor yet at that other extreme, that of being intellectual. It was an even mind—a finely balanced one—a mind whose width and depth was wide and deep enough to take in the true issue of the truest life. Hers was a happy home; humble and neat, simple, but elegant in its simplicity. It was made sweet by love, and that free, easy independence which is experienced by those who live within a certain limit, and feel content not to go out of it, knowing enough is enough, and more is a superfluous addition.

Only one shadow lay across this little home—only one cloud reached downward, seeming ready to deluge it with darkness. But Marian Elmer locked the skeleton up and turned the key, and though it was still there, she tried to think it could not pick the lock.

John Elmer came in presently and sat down by the shaded window. The soft summer breeze stole gently in through the green honey-suckle without, and the white curtain swayed languidly up and down, back and forth. The temple curl of John's black hair which Marian was proud of, was lifted caressingly from his full forehead, gently as her dear hand was wont to touch it. He was a tall slender fellow, yet finely built, with a full broad chest and slender sinewy arms that looked as if made for protecting just such a thing as Marian all through the days of her life. His hands did not look much as if they had worn kid gloves, but they were just such hands as a weary woman would cling to for assistance and upholding when trouble was near or a hope had failed her. He sat very quiet, with the soft, scented air blowing over him, and looked about the sitting room. It was very pleasant—Marian's pretty little trifles were scattered here and there—pictures of her drawing hung in modest frames made of pine cones and shells against the wall. There was the oval mirror in its dark polished frame that had often reflected her face—there was her low rocking chair she sat in every evening and rocked their baby to sleep—her work basket, with an end of edging hanging by the side. Then he looked at the rattle, and took it up and shook it. It sounded like a funeral bell. The slipper he touched as reverently as a little child puts out its hand to touch the white face of its dead mother. Marian came in smiling, with a pink flush on one cheek; she had been making tea.

"Why, John! You here? You came in so silently I never heard you. Tea is ready for you."

She came up close to him as if to draw him with her. He took her hand and drew her to his knee; he looked long and gently into her clear ivy blue eyes, and then he asked her:

"Do you love me, Marian?"

Playfully drawing his face against hers, she kissed him for an answer.

She drew him closer and shuddered as she embraced him.

"If there were no skeleton there?" thought Marian.

John Elmer sighed and put her from his knee, and rose up and followed her into the kitchen. No silver graced their table, but the plain queensware dishes were spotlessly clean—the table linen like snow. A freshly gathered boquet stood by John's plate, composed of honey-suckles and late roses, and a few leaves from Marian's only house-plant—a rose geranium. The fare was simple but savory. Marian poured John's tea, and watched him drink it feverishly, but he would not eat.

"What is the matter, dear, are you sick?" asked she.

"Only tired," said he, with a weary look.

After the table was cleared and the kitchen once more in order, Marian went in and sat down on her husband's knee, and looked tenderly up in his face, saying:

"I know you work too hard, dear. You must be careful of yourself. Some of these days you will take sick and die, and then what will become of poor little Grace and me? Oh! John, it would kill me to lose you!" and a tear fell wilfully down against her cheek.

Her husband did not answer, but he felt truly that such a tender flower needed tender and loving care, or it would be blighted. He looked out of the window—the landscape looked dreary.

"I am sure you do not feel well; what can I do for you?"

John Elmer forced her anxious face down upon his bosom that he might not see how sweet it was, then he said:

"Marian, wife, I have unpleasant news for you; can you listen to me now? It will effect us materially."

His speech blinded her perception. She asked:

"Have your wages been reduced? I know old Mr Hugh is very stingy. Perhaps we can get along though, if we are very saving, if the winter is not to be hard. I could get along almost anyhow with you and baby."

The strong man bowed his head over hers and groaned. The trial of their lives was upon them. How should he tell her the awful truth?

"Marian," he faltered. "Marian, I am drafted!"

She started—showed him a white, terrified face, and then she was very still. It was over. He had told her, and that patient, passionate, earnest heart had been sentenced to its torture. She lay in his arms very still, moaning as one moans when hope has been overcome by life. This was the skeleton she had tried to hide, and, now how naked, how distinct and terrible—how ghastly it stood up before her! What a woman's heart suffers—what it breaks with, was coming to this child-woman.

Baby Grace wakened up and stretched out her arms and smiled. Marian arose slowly and went and raised her to her bosom. She had given up John as to death, and she felt this was all that was left her. The night fell as it had fallen upon her heart.

John Elmer could have bought his life for a paltry sum; but he had not the sum which could buy it. Three hundred dollars is a pitiful amount, but for want of it Marian's heart was beginning to petrify. Marian did what she could. It was but little; that which she could not do was killing her. He could make no provision for wife or child—there was none in his power. He would leave them in the care of Him who fed the ravens. The morning came when John Elmer was to leave his home—dark and rainy—cold, and oh! so dreary. He felt that it was for the last time. He parted from Marian—oh, what a parting! So wretched, so sorrowful! It was just like a soul torn from the body—he looked into her face—he saw nothing but anguish; and that strange stillness which sometimes comes unaccountably over children was upon Grace. He snatched himself away—he dared not look back. Marian took up her child, close against her bosom, so close that it struggled to get free, and turned and went in.

A rich stockholder remarked at dinner that day, having paid six hundred for his two sons. "That copperhead Elmer went to-day—could not raise the 'spondulicks.' Good enough for him—he might have volunteered long ago."

Such sympathy had Marian.

Weeks and months passed on. It was dreary with Marian; oh, so lonely. She had nothing but Grace now. She heard from John but seldom. It was very seldom he sent her money, for the wages of a drafted man are not wonderful, and it was hard to make the ends meet. The winter was come on, and every thing was going up; her house rent had fallen due, and she was in need of wood. Strange what changes are wrought in so short a time. From modest ease, Marian was coming to want—it might be to suffering or starvation—she could not tell. She left her baby and went out to hunt for work. She had her sewing machine, and she could sew. She had not counted the difficulties. Her husband was a drafted man—a "butternut"—they had nothing for her to do. They gave their work to the families of Union volunteers. Marian looked in their faces and wondered what they meant. Was her husband's belief a reproach? Was it a disgrace to be drafted? If so, it fell upon him. She was proud—this little woman. But when she went back and found Grace crying for her, and the room cold, her pride began to give way to despair. One day came a letter to Marion. She read it tearlessly, but it was the wedge that, driven sharply in, divided the already broken heart. It was from a companion of John's telling how he had been unable to bear the rough usages of war, how he had fallen ill, and after lying a long time in the hospital, had died. He should have written her before, but had been separated from John on detached service during his sickness. Then it spoke of his gallantry, his close observance of his assumed duties, etc. But what mattered all this to Marian? He was dead—he was gone—she could never, never see his dear face again. She would never be held in his arms—never feel the pressure of his kiss. He was dead, and Grace was fatherless. But Marian's grief was silent. She rose up and took up her burden, and thought she would live for the sake of the little one. But it was hard work to live. She got some little work to do, but she could only rent one room now, and barely keep them in food. Sometimes they had no fire for an entire day. Even Marian's health suffered, and the child took a severe cold that ended in the croup and terminated its little life. Marian thought she had suffered her full measure of loss; but when this last and only treasure was taken away, the last tie that bound her to this life was broken. What was country to her? In all its length and breadth—she had none to love her—no spot in its boundaries she could call her home. What was it to her that the country should be saved? She was dying of grief and starvation.

Work became scarce and hard to get. Some one was always before her. One by one, she sold all her little articles of value—disposed of all those little things which had made her rooms so pleasant when she and John and baby were all so happy together. Then, when there was nothing left, she sank down in a slow, nervous fever. After it was generally known that Mrs. Elmer was destitute and sick, a few neighbors began to drop in to try and do something for the unhappy woman; but tardy conscience had failed to remind them of their duty until it was too late to aid her. She died—this broken-hearted wife of the conscript, with John's name and that of the baby on her lips. She said she was going to meet them in a country where all was peace. And yet what matters it? There are just such heart-aches and heart-breaks all over the land. It is not one woman alone who goes down to the grave broken-hearted; not merely one orphan that suffers hunger and cold. One among many is Marian Elmer—only one.

## REVERENCE IN A WIFE.

BY AUGUSTA MOORE.

"Well Katie, so you expect to marry Edward after all. I thought you were only flirting with him.

"That was what I intended, Mary, but somehow the artful fellow has cheated me into agreeing to have him."

"I thought how all your grand talk about freedom and never bending your neck to any man's yoke would end. "Tis the old story."

"Not so; I'm not going to wear the yoke—Edward is to obey me. He will I know. He has hardly any will but mine now, and I don't pretend that he ever shall have. He don't pretend to oppose me in anything. I wouldn't be hired to have him were he to presume to treat me as Helen Norman's lover treats her, and I told her so. He is always telling her of her faults."

"They have agreed to kindly tell each other of their faults, and help each other to overcome them. I think this is a most excellent way."

"Well, I don't. I am free enough to tell Ed. his faults, but he would not dare to return the compliment. It would make me angry in a minute. In fact, Mary, I think I am a fortunate girl. I have found a man with plenty of money, a gentleman of yielding disposition, very generous, who worships me, and is willing that I should always have my own way, who is, in short, unable to hinder me from having it."

"And do you think that you can have the blessing of God on your marriage when it is entered upon in a spirit so utterly the reverse of what it requires? I suppose you admit that the Bible is authority. Consider what its teachings are."

"I do—it says "Submit one to another." I suppose I shall submit to Ed. a part of the time; it would be only fair."

"Kate the Bible says "Wives submit yourselves unto your own husbands *as unto the Lord;* for the husband is the head of the wife, even as Christ is the head of the Church. Therefore as the Church is subject unto Christ so let the wives be unto their husbands in everything, and let the wife see that she reverences her husband." How dare you, presumptuous girl, resolve to trample on God's arrangement and his law? You may be sure that trouble is before you if you go forward to the marriage altar with such a spirit as now animates you.—As for Edward he is infatuated indeed if he gives his honor and his happiness into your hands.

Katie, angry at such plain talk, abruptly turned from her companion and walked rapidly away.

The expected marriage took place. For a few months Edward walked in a trance of sensuous and imaginative bliss; then down he came, and never more did he ascend the hills of joy. He was, as Kate had said, quite unable to control or to cope with her. He was too gentle, and he loved her too tenderly. She had over him the immense advantage of loving him very little. She could tear his heartstrings every hour. He could scarcely stir hers at any time. You perceive, good reader, that she "had" him.

Children were born to this pair. Kate managed them something as a tigress might manage her young. Edward was allowed to have no word in the matter. In a few years the poor man, crushed and overborne, died. Kate was provoked with him for this piece of independent action. She liked him; she made him very useful. She had not thought he would go without leave. But he did it. Kate lorded it for a few years more till her children became too strong for her. Then they, albeit they knew not what they were doing, avenged their father. They broke their mother's spirit and her heart; and yon bent, gray, mumbling old crone in the almshouse is all that remains of the once lively and beautiful Kate. She sowed the wind; she reaped the whirlwind.

## CARELESS WRITING.

We note from the recent report of the Postmaster General, an extraordinary amount of carelessness on the part of the letter writing community. Three million five hundred and eight thousand were received of dead letters during the last year; many of which contained money, deeds, checks, jewelry and other valuables. Some of them were misdirected, others not directed at all, others unstamped and others only partially directed. Thousands of these were returned to the writers, but the great majority were destroyed. These facts should teach the public to be more careful in their correspondence; for the amount of suspense and suffering occasioned by these lost letters is incalculable; and officials are censured where the fault rests with the authors.

## Dowry According to Weight.

The following incident is related in the December number of the Continental Monthly:

There is a romantic incident in the early history of Masschusetts, which has been often told. Money was scarce, and in 1652 the General Court passed a law for the coinage of sixpences and shillings. Capt. John Hull was appointed the mint master, and was to have one shilling in every twenty for his labor. All the old silver in the colony, worn out plate, battered tankards, buckles, and spoons, and especially the bullion seized by the buccaneers then sailing the Spanish Main (for all was honest that came to Hull's melting pot,) was brought in for coinage, and the mint master rapidly grew to be the millionaire of the colony, and suitors came from far and wide for the hand of his daughter. Among them was Samuel Sewall, who was the favorite of the plump and buxom Miss Hull, the mint master, roughly gave his consent; "Take her," said he, "and you will find her a heavy burden enough." The wedding day came, and the captain, tightly buttoned up with shillings and sixpences, sat in his grand-father's chair till the ceremony was concluded. Then he ordered his servant to bring in a huge pair of scales. "Daughter," said the mint master, "go into one side of the scales." Mrs. Sewall obeyed, and then the mint master had his strong box brought in, an immense iron-bound oaken chest, which the servants were obliged to drag over the floor. Then the mint master unlocked the chest, and ordered the servants to fill the other side of the scales with shillings and sixpences. Plump Mrs. Sewall bore down hard upon her side of the scales, but still the servants shoveled in the bright, fresh pine-tree shillings, until Mrs. Sewall began to rise. Then the mint master ordered them to forbear. "There, son Sewall," said the magnanimous old money maker, "take these shillings for my daughter's portion. Use her kindly, and thank Heaven for her; for it is not every wife that is worth her weight in silver." And Master Sewall took Mistress Sewall and thirty thousand pounds (not avoirdupois, but sterling)

[*From the Louisville Journal.*]

## Deplorable Condition of Kentucky.

The sad condition of our State is now an object of much solicitude. It is without adequate means for protection, and the larger portion of the territory is overrun by marauders and given up to plunder and despoliation. Society is fearfully disorganized, and we no longer appeal to the statutes for the redress of a wrong. Lawless bands roam at will and the peaceable citizen is hunted down with the greatest eagerness, and robbed and murdered in the coolest manner possible. The desperadoes bid defiance to all authority, and they mock at all attempts to bring them into subjection. A ruthless warfare is waged. The knife is red with the blood of innocent victims, and the fire-brand of the bold incendiary is applied with feelings of exultation, and the blackened ruins of many homes attest how well the work is and has been done. Trade is destroyed.—But few signs of prosperity are to be seen in many portions of the State. The inland towns are no longer full of the bustle of business—Stores are closed, and air of desolation reigns on every side. Men are forced to flee for their lives, and whole families are abandoning pleasant homes and moving to other States. The proud old Commonwealth has suffered terribly indeed. The outlaws are preying upon her vitals, and if a remedy is not soon applied the disease will become hopeless. Lands are fast depreciating, property is going to destruction, and everywhere stalks the form of ruin. It is truly time that some plans were devised to afford protection to the people, and to stay the hand of desolation. It is time that disorder was banished from the Commonwealth, and law and authority firmly established.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PAY DEBTS.—There must be something radically wrong with the farmer that does not now free himself from debt. Never in the lifetime of the present generation will such another opportunity present itself—Every cultivated product of the temperate latitude bears a highly remunerative price. Every domestic animal that roams over our fields, or feeds on the contents of the granaries, finds a ready purchaser. Animals, vegetables and fruits alike are in demand. It matters not, for the purpose of paying debts, whether the money received for farm products be fifty, sixty, ninety or more cents below par; a dollar cancels a dollar's worth of debt, contracted even in the good old days of specie for which men sigh. A few years ago it took, in many parts of the west, ten bushels of corn to bring a dollar. Everthing else that the farmer produced by his toil and care was equally low in price. Then, indeed, were hard times, and a crushing load of debt settled down upon the shoulders of all—for the great mass of western farmers came here poor in money, only rich in faith and hope. If a man's crops and stock last year brought him $1,000, and his expenses were $500, this year his receipts will be $2,000 while his expenses, allowing them to have doubled—which they have not done in one case in ten—will allow of a profit double that of last year. And what is a year or two of economy now—economy of the most rigid kind, that shall cut off all the luxuries of life, compared with the year of happiness that shall follow when the homestead is free from incumbrance; when all the stock and machinery are the property of the land-holders; when there is no account of the grocer's, nor the dry-goods merchant's, nor blacksmith's? It will be a glorious epoch when the people of these prairies own their farms, and this we believe may at once be, if proper advantage be taken of the times in which we now live.—*Prairie Farmer.*

Why has a clock always a bashful appearance?—Because it keeps its hands before its face.

JOSH BILLINGS ON SHANGHIS.—The Shanghi reuster is a gentile, and speaks in a furrin tung. He is bilt on piles like a Sandy Hill crane. If he had bin bilt with 4 legs, he wud resembul the Peruvian lama. He is not a game animal, but quite often cums off sekund best in a ruff and tumble fite; like the injuns tha kant stand civilization, and are fast disappearing. Tha roost on the ground similar tew the mud turkle. Tha often go tew sleep standing, and sum times pitch over, and when tha dew, tha enter the ground like a pick-ax. Their food consis ov korn in the ear. Tha crow like a jackass trubbled with broonskeesucks. Tha will eat as much tew onst as a distrikt skule master, and ginerally sit down rite oph tew keep from tipping over. Tha are dredful unhandy tew cook, yu kant git them awl into a potash kittle tu onst. The femail reuster lays an eg az big az a kokernut, and iz sick fur a week afterwards, and when she hatches out a litter ov yung shanghis she has tew brood them standing, and then kant kiver up 3 ov them, the rest stand around on the outside, like boys around a cirkus tent, gittin a peep under the kanvass whenever tha can. The man who fust brot the breed into this country ought tew own them all and be obliged tew feed them on grasshoppers, caught bi hand. I never owned but one and he got choked tu deth bi a kink in a cloze line, but not until he had swallered 18 feet ov it. Not enny shanghi for me if yu pleze; I would rather board a traveling kolporter, and as fur eating one, give me a biled owl rare dun, or a turkee buzzard, toasted hole, and stuffed with a pair of injun rubber boots, but not any shanghi fur me, not a shanghi!—*Poughkeepsian.*

AN AFFECTING APPEAL.—A country reporter sends the following sketch to his paper: A lawyer out west was defending a handsome young woman, accused of stealing from a large and unoccupied dwelling in the night time, and thus he spoke in conclusion: "Gentlemen of the jury, I am done. When I gaze with enraptured eyes on the matchless beauty of this peerless virgin, on whose resplendent charms suspicion never dared to breathe; when I behold her radiant in the glorious bloom of lustrous loveliness, which angelic sweetness might envy, but could not eclipse; before which the stars on the brow of night grow pale, and the diamonds of Brazil are dim, and then reflect upon the utter madness and folly of supposing that so much beauty would expose itself in the cold, damp dead of night, when innocence like hers is hiding itself amid the snowy pillows of repose, gentleman of the jury, my feelings are too overpowering for expression, and I throw her into your arms for protection against this foul charge, which the outrageous malice of a disappointed scoundrel has invented to blast the fair name of this lovely maiden, whose smiles shall be a reward of the verdict which I know you will give."

MARRIAGE A LA MODE NOUVILLE.—An old Dutch farmer, just arrived at the dignity of justice of the peace, had his first marriage case. He dished it up in this way. He first said to the man:

"Vell, you vants to be marrit, do you? Vell, you loves dis voman so goot as any voman you have never see?"

"Yes," answered the man.

Then to the woman:

"Vell, you do love dis man so better as no man you ever see?

Lady hesitated, and he repeated:

"Vell, vell, do you likes him so vell as to be his vife?"

"Oh, certainly," she answered with a kind of a titter.

"Vell, dat is all any reasonable man can expect. So you bees marrit; I bronounce you man and vife."

The man then asked the justice what was to pay?

"Oh, notting at all—you are velcome to it if it vill do you any goot."

A BIG THING IN OIL.—The Oil City *Register* notices a report that $4,000,000 has been offered and refused for the Smith farm, which is located just above the Reed and Criswell well, and adjoins the lands of the Cherry Run Petroleum Company. It embraces fifty acres and was bought a little over a year ago for $3,500. The farm yields the owners a royalty of $1,500 a day; consequently they are not in needy circumstances by any manner or means. The well alluded to above sold, a short time since, for $650,000. Two years ago the property was offered at $1,500, without being able to secure a purchaser.

FARMERS WHO DON'T READ THE NEWSPAPERS.—The worst instance of ignorance, resulting from not taking the papers, we have heard of lately happened the other day. A farmer wanted to sell his place, and asked $3,500 for it. Another farmer offered him $3,000 in gold for it, but he would not take it, insisting that he must have his price. A few days after, a buyer came along, and gave him $3,500 in paper money for the farm. Had he taken the $3,000 in gold, the principal with the premium at this time, would have amounted to $7,800. Some men are born wise, and some otherwise.—*Exchange.*

DON'T LIKE HIS LOOKS.—A sheriff was once asked to execute a writ against a Quaker. On arriving at his house, he saw the Quaker's wife, who in reply to the inquiry whether her husband was at home said he was; at the same time she requested him to be seated, and her husband would speedily see him. The officer waited patiently for some time, when the fair Quakeress coming into the room, he reminded her of her promise that he might see her husband.

'Nay, friend, I promised that he would see thee. He has seen thee! He did not like thy looks, therefore he avoided thee, and hath departed from the house by another path.'

# BEDFORD GAZETTE.

B. F. MEYERS, EDITOR.

FRIDAY: : : FEBRUARY 3, 1865.

## DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.

The Democrats of Bedford county, will hold a MASS MEETING, at the Court House, in Bedford Borough, on

*MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 13th* (Court week.) Let us pick our flints and try them again. "Truth crushed to earth will rise again," so with the wholesome and truthful measures of the Democratic party. Now is the time to strike hands as Democrats and swear eternal enmity to the fanaticism of the times. Let us meet and kindle anew the old council fires. They are yet to light this country to glory and at present through the *darksome* paths of abolitionism. A delegate to the next Democratic State Convention, will be chosen, and other business of importance to the party will be transacted. Several addresses may be expected on the occasion.

O. E. SHANNON,
Ch'n. Dem. Co. Com.


## BEDFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

The current school year of this Institution will be resumed Thursday, February 23d, 1865. The Quarter left incomplete by the sudden illness of the Principal, will be regularly terminated, and the school year will extend further into the summer than was at first designed. It is hoped, in view of the inclemency of the present mid-winter and of the peculiar circumstances existing, that this arrangement will be acceptable to the parents.

Feb. 3, 1865. JOHN LYON, Principal.


## A White-washing Committee.

Mr. McClure, finding that the course of his party in the House of Representatives, in refusing to admit Messrs. Meyers and Findlay to seats, has rendered them odious with the people of this legislative district, and that a newspaper controversy with the BEDFORD GAZETTE will not mend the matter, has caused a committee to be raised *to white-wash the conduct of himself and his colleagues in iniquity*. The Speaker of the House, (doubtless, at McClure's suggestion.) took good care to place upon the committee, two abolition lawyers, whilst he excluded, with equal care, the names of Messrs. Pershing and Sharpe, two gentlemen well acquainted with the facts of this legislative trouble, and whose reputation as honest men and sound lawyers, is beyond the reach of criticism. This only proves that the purpose of the men who raised this committee, is not to investigate fairly and honestly the alleged frauds in this district, but to cover up the infamy of their own conduct and that of their partizans, in refusing to be governed by the certificate of the majority of the return judges. Of course, the *ex parte*, one-sided examination which will be made by these abolition lawyers, will be so managed as to throw blame upon Democrats and exonerate the abolitionists. Nothing else can be expected from men whose action is controlled entirely by their political predilections. Nothing else can be hoped for, when the majority of the committee are themselves guilty of the fraud which they are appointed to whitewash. We are, therefore, prepared to see a long-winded report from these abolition lawyers, setting forth with the affected honesty of so many sublimated patriots, the enormity of Democratic return judges refusing to count army votes (no matter how illegal) whilst we shall not be at all astounded if our unimportant self comes in for a small share of the friendly attentions of these smellers of "frauds by return judges."

But it matters not what this commiitee reports. Our people have experienced outrage enough at the hands of the party in power, to have learned that nothing is too base for that party to attempt, if it be their interest so to do. White-washing committees are understood and appreciated in this "neck of the woods," and their reports are regarded with contempt and disgust. So let them whiten their abolition sepulchre. The people will uncover it in due time and all the world shall behold the rottenness which it conceals, and shall find it "full of corruption and dead men's bones!"

## Abolition Star Chamber.

One day last week the peace-loving citizens of our ancient town were somewhat surprised at the novel intelligence that a select delegation deputed by our Solons at Harrisburg, and invested with plenary powers to discover certain alleged fraudulent election returns, had arrived fresh from the legislative halls. Considerable anxiety was manifested as to what this high-commission might perform during its stay among us, and it may be that some of the more timid were slightly alarmed at the presence of this august assemblage, for this feeling was enhanced from the fact, that it was well known that a certain honest individual, well known in our vicinity, had, on more than one occasion, vowed certain vengeance towards various officials in our county. In fact his pious soul could not endure the thought that such flagitious and unblushing fraud, as he honestly believed, should remain uncovered and unpunished. He raved, he threatened, he imprecated,—

"More peevish, cross, and splenetic,
Than dog distract or monkey sick."

He went down to the legislature, and there, in suppliant tone, earnestly invoked the Abolition displeasure, and besought them, for his sake, to pour forth the vials of their devouring wrath upon the derelict and offending Prothonotary and Return Judges, who so ungraciously refused to comply with the modest request of our unpretending friend. No doubt when the Committee bade adieu to the sacred and time-honored walls of our beloved Capitol, they thought they were going into a benighted and disloyal region where nothing but the noxious weeds of fraud and treason could grow. In this they were disappointed, for on their arrival, they found that there still remained some honesty in this vile district, and that all honor and integrity had not been aggregated in a single individual. A young barrister of clever appearance acted as chairman, while another member of the same fraternity, and withal a good fellow, received the evidence, assisted, moreover, by one of the witnesses. "Our honest" friend acted as prosecutor, witness, counsel and judge, yet when one of the Committee, in his simplicity, asked him whether his *client* would have been elected, had he received all the votes cast, legal and illegal, he replied by saying that he had no client, that there were no *parties* to the action in the present case. Afterwards in contradiction to this statement, and in direct violation of every principle of law, the Committee decided that Mr. Shannon's evidence could not be received, inasmuch as he might be affected by the result.

Very little occurred to mar the harmony of their deliberations, and our conscientious townsman, with singular naivete, proceeded for two mortal hours, to let his evidence "drag its slow length along." Nothing remarkable, however, was developed from this extraordinary effort, nor could anything tangible be extracted from the testimony of those who had been imperiously summoned thither. The whole thing fell flat, intolerably flat, and everybody was disappointed. Truly, "the mountain labored and brought forth a ridiculous mouse." The Committe went home, the Democracy remained—the former wiser, the latter unterrified.

## Peace Rumors.

Mr. Blair has the second time returned from Richmond, and the "loyal" papers are again filled with rumors of peace. Any one now reading the *Tribune*, *Times*, and Philadelphia *Press*, would think the Republican Party had suddenly become the peace party of the North, so full of news concerning peace do they daily appear. But, notwithstanding all these rumors, we are still inclined to doubt. We have always observed, that, whenever the administration papers make so much ado about anything, there is always a motive. It will be recollected that Mr. Lincoln has ordered a draft for 300,000 men, quite recently; and that draft will be enforced about the 15th of this month. They know that they had promised no more drafts to their benighted followers, and in order to smooth down their disappointment and anger, they sugar-coat the pill with rumors of peace. We do not believe that Jeff. Davis, or his followers, are "willing to treat for peace on the best terms they can get," as was recently asserted by the *Tribune*. Neither do we believe that anything like reasonable terms will be offered them by the party in power. But if negotiations should be opened, there might be some prospect that reason would once more resume its sway. But, even then, the case looks almost hopeless.

The two sections, maddened as they are by the bloody strife of the past four years, will not soon be brought to reason. The proofs of this are already seen in the papers of both the north and south. Neither section has yet suffered sufficiently to begin acting rationally; and, therefore, putting the motive out of the way, it will be seen that little foundation really exists for all the rumors (or even a part of them) now so industriously set afloat, by the time-servers and lick-spittles of the Lincoln dynasty. Yet we do not wish to be understood that peace cannot be made. But we believe that when it is made, it will not be made through the influence of Mr. Jefferson Davis or Mr. Abraham Lincoln, but, by the people themselves; who, becoming disgusted with the corruption and duplicity of their rulers, will rise up and force them to make peace, and allow to each section its constitutional rights. When the people shall be true to themselves, and are no longer influenced by New York and Philadelphia Abolition dailys, we shall look for peace soon but not till then.

HOPEWELL OIL CO.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that this company have determined to close the selling of their stock, on the 25th of February. A fifty barrel well of lubricating oil, has been struck, within a half mile of the company's property, which causes the stock of the Hopewell to be sought after by moneyed men. The stock unsold after the above-mentioned date, will be retained for the benefit of the company.

## The Duty On Paper.

On Tuesday last, the House of Representatives passed a resolution to reduce the duty on printing paper, sized and unsized, used for books and newspapers to 3 per centum *ad valorem*.

The resolution passed by a majority of 97 yeas, to 40 nays. The Senate has yet to act upon the matter, and there it will remain to be seen how much the price will be reduced. It will undoubtedly afford some relief to a business which is now more oppressed than any other in the country.

THE WEALTHIEST MAN.—*An Annual Income of* $5,000,000.—Alexander T. Stewart, the dry goods nabob of N. York, has the largest income of any man in America or (probably) the world. He has lately paid an income tax of $250,000! on a net Income of $5,000,000! This would be the interest, at 6 per cent., of over eighty millions. We know of no case among the wealthy men of England that surpasses or equals this, and we suppose A, T. Stewart is the "richest man" living.—*Albany Argus.*

*From the Philadelphia Price Current.*

## Oil Operations.

The operations in development of the greater part of the new oil territory, which were commenced last fall, have been suspended on account of the extreme cold weather of the winter, and some stockholders have lost faith in their investments because of the failure of the companies in paying dividends as expected. The opening of the spring will, no doubt, witness a scene of activity hitherto entirely unsurpassed in the most exciting seasons of the oil region.

Some companies, however, have continued to work in spite of the frost, and have been rewarded with unusual success. Prominent among these are the "Oil Companies of the Clarion River." We have hitherto alluded to the energy and activity displayed by the management of these companies, and are pleased to announce their success in their efforts for the development of their extensive territory.

The superintendent of these companies is in the city, and furnishes some facts which will be of great interest to parties holding stock in these organizations, as well as to others disirous of finding a profitable investment for their surplus funds. The Oil Companies of the Clarion River are ten in number, and are located upon the extensive tract of territory owned by the original Clarion Oil Company, which covers in all 2,800 acres of ground within the great oil basin.

These ten companies are entitled as follows: "Indian," "Black Diamond," "Claron River," "Highland," "Pennsylvania," "Davenport," "Little Toby River," "Greenland," "Deer Creek," and "Whitehill." Ten engines are upon the tracts assigned to these companies, and operations are being successfully conducted upon all of them with satisfactory results. The "Deer Creek," however, is the most forward. At this point the original owner of the well "struck out," while boring for salt water, and after trying in vain to find a market for it in Pittsburg, plugged up the well and abandoned it. Since the excitement in oil property this well has passed through several hands, none of whom were able to extract the plug driven some distance below the surface. After the present owners obtained possession of the well, operations were at once resumed, and the bore of the well reamed out to double the original size, and the plug driven before the boring tools instead of extracted. This well is now down some four hundred and eighty feet, and within a few days struck a vein of gas of immense force, blowing the water and oil out of the well above the derrick with a noise which was heard for a long distance. Oil in paying quantities is now found in this well, but it is intended to sink it through the third sand rock some 100 feet further, when, in the opinion of the practical oil men of the region, this well will be one of, if not *the largest, producing wells in the country*. All the indications of oil-gas, *black smut*, as it is technically termed, and sudden falls of several inches in the tools, are present here, and the tubing is upon the ground, but the Company have wisely concluded to continue operations through the third sand rock.

The other companies have each a well down, to various depths, from 200 to 300 feet, and all with the best indications of oil.

The "Black Diamond" promises to be unusually prolific, and will be pumping in a very short time, while the "Indian" and "Whitehill" are progressing with the most flattering prospects.

Probably no ten companies in the whole list of oil companies offer more flattering inducements to the public as an investment than the foregoing. They have all the prerequisites of success; first class territory, an energetic and thoroughly practical superintendent, honest and judicious officers, and, what is after all the most important *plenty of oil* in their wells. The operations of these Companies will ere long render the oil region of the Clarion River as famous as the classic groups of the history of Petroleum, Oil Creek.

## Credits on Drafts.

Lately, Provost Marshal General Fry has written a letter to the Governor of Minnesota, in which he makes the following explanation of the system of credits allowed on former drafts, viz:

"As it would be unjust and illegal to require a district which had filled its quota under the last call with three years' men to furnish as many men under the present call as an equal district which filled its quota under the last call with one year men, the former having furnished three times the number of years of service which the latter had furnished, it became necessary to estimate the number of years of service which each State, district and sub-district had furnished respectively, so that in ascertaining the required number for each district, in order to obtain three hundred thousand men, each locality would receive full credit for the number of years of service furnished under the last call, or excess carried forward and credited upon that call, previous calls being filled with three years' men, or enlistments reduced to the three years' basis."

☞In view of the fact that under former drafts a large number of persons liable to military duty left the locality in which they were enrolled for the purpose of escaping conscription, a bill has been introduced into the Legislature calculated to restrain evasions of pending draft. It declares that all persons who may leave their homes or enrollment districts for the purpose of avoiding military service, or who may conceal themselves or refuse to report after having been notified of their being drafted, shall be deprived of their right of citizenship within the commonwealth, and "shall be incapable of inheriting any estate under the intestate laws of the commonwealth, or by contract acquiring, possessing or disposing of any real or personal estate within the same. Any officer of election knowingly receiving the vote of any person so escaping military service shall be liable to indictment for misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars and be imprisoned for a term not less than one month. Any person assisting, harboring, or in any manner aiding in the escape or concealment of the persons described and provided for by this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction of the same shall be liable to fine and imprisonment for not less than three months."—*Dem. Standard.*

☞Dr. E. B. Foote, 1130 Broadway, New York—read his advertisement in another column of this paper.

Since February last the Administration has issued calls, and ordered drafts, for a million and a half of men.

## Report of the Surveyor General.

The second annual report of Hon. Jams P. Barr, Surveyor General of Pennsylvania, which has just been issued by the Public Printer, exhibits a marked improvement in the business and receipts of the Land Office over previous years. The number of patents paid for during the year, is two thousand one hundred and seventy-eight, being about the number paid for in the previous ten years. The receipts were a fraction under ninety-two thousand dollars, or something more than the receipts from the same source for the whole seven years beginning December 1, 1856, and ending November 30, 1863 as will be seen from the following statement:

| | |
|---|---|
| Dec., 1856, to Nov., 1857, | $21,553 59 |
| Dec., 1857, to Nov., 1858, | 12,948 49 |
| Dec., 1858, to Nov., 1859, | 13,559 22 |
| Dec., 1859, to Nov., 1860, | 11,325 40 |
| Dec., 1860, to Nov., 1861, | 7,242 80 |
| Dec., 1861, to Nov., 1862, | 5,230 61 |
| Dec., 1862, to Nov., 1863, | 18,457 03 |
| Dec., 1863, to Nov., 1864, | 91,966 70 |

In 1862, the year previous to Mr. Barr's induction into the office of Surveyor General, the whole receipts of the office did not defray more than half its expenses. But the past year has yielded the State Treasury a clear income from lands of at least eighty thousand dollars, over and above all the expenses of the Land Office. This is by far the most gratifying exhibit that any Surveyor General has been enabled to make for many years.

Mr. Barr expresses the opinion that, by judicious legislation, the sum of two or three million dollars, which is estimated to be still due on unpatented lands, might be brought into the State Treasury in the next ten years, without inflicting injury or distress upon a single debtor. The plan by which he proposes to effect this desirable purpose, is to tax unpatented lands slightly higher than those that are patented, and thus make it the interest of all holders of unpatented lands to extinguish the claims of the Commonwealth upon them.

There is certainly no good reason why the large amount still due the State on account of lands should not be collected, and there are many and very obvious reasons why it should be brought into the Treasury within a reasonable period from this date. To collect it summarily would be a hardship to many of the debtors; and to avoid this, the Surveyor General humanely suggests a plan by which it may be got in gradually.

Landholders who neglect to procure patents from the Commonwealth do injustice to those who have patented their lands, and also incur the risk of being made to pay for their neglect. Several movements looking to the summary collection of these debts, have of late years been made in the Legislature; and it would not surprise us if land-owners who continue to put off getting patents should be compelled to pay up at an increased rate of interest. The present rate ranges from two to six per cent. per annum, according to the price at which the land sold originally—that which sold at the highest price paying the lowest rate of interest.

The price of land was changed at different periods. Under Penn and his heirs, it was $41 33 and $22 22 at another. Under the Commonwealth, the price, which was not uniform throughout the State, ranged from $80 per hundred acres down to $6 66⅔. In certain districts of limited extent still other prices were fixed, but the foregoing were the prevailing rates, at which nearly all the lands in the State were taken by the first purchasers.

Appended to the report are blank forms, which will be found of use to persons applying for land. Also; a list of the several counties of the Commonwealth, with the date of their erection, &c., from which it may be seen that from three counties established at the first settlement of the province, (Philadelphia, Bucks and Chester,) Pennsylvania has grown to contain not less than sixty-six counties.

## THE WAR.

Besides the army under Gen. Hardee, on the Combahee river, at Salkehatchie, there are two other Confederate armies opposing Sherman's movements. A force is concentrating at Branchville, S. C., the great railroad centre at which Sherman is supposed to be aiming, and it will be under the immediate command of General Beauregard. Gen. D. H. Hill is at Augusta, Georgia, and is gathering an army at that place. It is known that Sherman has halted for nearly two weeks at Pocotaligo and just north of it, and when urged forward by the Washington authorities, gave as his reason that the Confederate army on the opposite side of the Combahee was quite as large as his, and unless reinforced he ran too great risk by penetrating farther into the interior and going so far from his base at Hilton Head. Sherman, in this state of affairs has made a slight alteration in his plan. He has stopped some of the troops coming from Savannah to join him; turned them back to Savannah, and has begun a feint towards Augusta, to try and keep as many Confederates as possible at that place.—On Wednesday last these troops were reported just outside of Savannah, moving on the road towards Augusta, over one hundred miles distant. There have been no contests anywhere between Savannah and Charleston for a long time.

It is reported that Gen. Robert E Lee has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of all the forces of the Southern States. President Davis has made the 10th of March a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer throughout the Confederacy.

On last Thursday, the steamer Eclipse exploded her boilers on the Tennessee river, opposite Johnsonville. She had many soldiers on board, and over one hundred and forty lives were lost by the accident.

A Federal raid has begun up the Chowan River, from Albemarle sound. It is the intention to try and capture Weldon, if not too strongly opposed by the Confederates. There is a large Confederate force at Weldon. The Federal raiding party contains both cavalry and infantry.

The Confederate authorities have refused to allow a commission, consisting of Bishop McIlvaine, Jayne, and Lee, and Mr. Horatio Gates Jones, of Philadelphia, to visit the prisons in the South and report the condition of the Federal prisoners.

The intelligence by Southern sources from Wilmington is to January 23d. It confirms the belief that the Federal troops had given up the idea of attacking the city.—*Age, January 30.*

☞A large lot of blankets, boxes, etc., have been delivered to the Federal prisoners confined in Richmond.

PEACE.—The "true result of the Blair mission" is given as follows in the telegrams of Saturday; but, as the official stamp is wanting, the public will await further advices:

"That Jefferson Davis is willing to waive all formalities and send to Washington, or receive from there Commissioners to treat for peace upon the basis of separation. The President of the United States, on the other hand, is willing to give a hearing to any person of influence who may come from the States in rebellion, with or without authority from Davis, to treat for peace on the basis of submission to the Union. Of the above facts there is no doubt."—*Pat. & Union.*

☞We are apt to be free with our jokes upon Doctors and their drugs, until sick and in need of their aid, then all alike bow to the necessity of recourse to their hard-earned and often ill-requited skill. The prevailing belief that physicians frown upon whatever deviates from their peculiar system and usages, arises from the fact that their better information leads them soonest to detect and discard the medical delusions and impositions that are thrust upon the community. That they are ready and prompt to adopt any really valuable invention is seen by the treatment Doct. J. C. Ayer's Chemical Remedies have received at their hands. They appreciate the value of these medicines because they know their composition, and where is the man who ever heard a respectable physician either disparage them or discourage their use? No profession or pursuit has done more for the human family than the medical profession.—None is followed by nobler men or for nobler ends; nor is there one which better deserves the best thanks of mankind.—*Canton (N. Y.) Democrat.*

## —MARRIED—

BARNDOLLAR—WASHABAUGH.—In the Presbyterian Church, on Wednesday, the 1st inst., by the Rev. R. F. Sample, Lieutenant William P. Barndollar, of Bloody Run, to Miss Kate E. Washabaugh, of Bedford.

GREENOUGH—M'KILLIP.—On the 23d ult., by Rev. D. S. Banks, Mr. John Greenough, of North Point, Bedford Co., to Miss Elizabeth L. M'Killip, of Fulton Co., Pa.

ROWE—ROHLAND.—At the residence of the bride's father, in West Newton, Pa., on the 20th ult., Mr. John R. Rowe to Miss Eliza J. Rohland.

## —DIED—

SILL.—On Sunday morning, January 8, 1865, in the city of Desoto, Missouri, after an illness of a few days, Mr. JOHN F. SILL, formerly of Bedford county, Pa.

The subject of this notice was, for a number of years, in the employ of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Rail Road, and was, in November last, appointed the general superintendent of the entire road. He was beloved alike by officers and employers for his sterling integrity and Christian deportment.

On the announcement of his death to Mr. Barlow, the President of said Road, (who is a member of the Missouri Legislature in session in Jefferson city,) he issued the following order to the assistant superintendent: "I cannot express the heartfelt grief that your announcement of the death of our good and true friend, JOHN F. SILL, has caused me. A friend who has been so faithful, so upright, so exemplary, in every relation he has occupied in our fraternity. Who can supply the vacuum caused by his death? I hope you will make all needful preparations for his funeral ceremony that shall comport with the character he bore in life and the loss we have sustained. I suggest that Mr. Bush call a meeting of rail road employers and his friends, and pass such resolutions of respect and condolence as are befitting the circumstance of his death. I desire that the Board of Directors, if convenient, attend the funeral, I think it due to the memory of so good a man, and the relation he has so long and so creditably borne to the Rail Road Company. On the day of the funeral I propose that the engines of all the trains be *draped in black*, as a befitting token of our respect. Do whatever is is right to give a proper expression to that sorrow that cannot be repressed."

OFFICE ST. LOUIS & I. M. R. R.
ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11, 1865.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this company, held this day, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That in the decease of Mr. John F Sill, we mourn the loss of a Christian gentleman and an exemplary officer, whose place we feel it will be difficult to fill. That in the course of many years business intercourse with the deceased, he has constantly proved himself an exemplary man of reliable integrity, ability and deportment; whose services, so acceptable to our company, we gratefully acknowledge, and deeply sympathize with the community in his demise, and tender to his friends and relatives our heartfelt condolence in their great bereavement.

The deceased, when told that he must die, said "I am not afraid to die. I have striven hard to be ready, knowing that the Son of Man cometh as a thief in the night." He then asked his Pastor to read for him the 119th Psalm and pray for him. This done, he clasped his hands and in raptures said, "Blessed Savior have mercy on a poor sinner that puts his trust in Thee, and blessed Jesus, receive my soul," and soon after expired.

He was buried in the Presbyterian Cemetery in Carrondelet, by the Masonic order, of which body he was an honorable member, followed by a large concourse of friends and mourners.

S. A. M., Pastor.


## The Hopewell Oil Company.

Notice is hereby given that the books of subscription to the stock of The Hopewell Oil Company will be closed on the 25th day of February next. Agents are requested to make report of all sales immediately after said day. By order of the Board of Directors.

J. SIMPSON AFRICA, Treasurer.

February 3, 1865.


## EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the last will and testament of Jacob Snowberger, late of Middle Woodberry township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them, without delay, properly authenticated for settlement.

Feb. 3—6t.* JOHN B. REPLOGLE, Executor.


GAZLAY'S

# PACIFIC MONTHLY.

Now is your time to subscribe for our New PACIFIC MONTHLY, which we cheerfully commend to you as the Excelsior of all the

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Employing and paying more for Literary talent than any other Magazine in the country, we flatter ourselves that no department of the PACIFIC MONTHLY will suffer neglect from the want of able and well known

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representing some of the principal shining lights of the Literary world. We shall make such additional engagements as circumstances may demand. Your special attention is called to our

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which are produced, without regard to expense, by an efficient *corps* of artists—at whose head stands BRIGHTLY and MCLENAN, unequalled as Designers and Engravers. We call the attention of the Public to the profusion of first class illustrations of the varied, novel and picturesque scenery and local views of the

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AND

TERRITORIES

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COUNTING-HOUSE,

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will abound with selections of Wit, Original Stories, Comic Sketches, and light Literature, culled from a well-garnered storehouse of fun, fact and incident, affording interesting light reading matter for the Parlor and the Fire-side.

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This Department of the Monthly, under the immediate supervision of MCLENAN, the celebrated Comic Delineator, will be found always rich in Wit, Merriment, and appropriate Design.

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Having made special arrangements with Mme. DEMOREST, 473 Broadway, New York, for contributions to our Fashion Department, we call the attention of the Ladies to the same, and commend our Monthly to their notice, as containing more information in regard to Dress and the Toilet, than any other Magazine published.

SUBSCRIBE NOW!

Now is the time to subscribe, and have your volume complete for 1865. We will furnish back numbers to such as do not subscribe in time for the January or February number. But to be sure and get them without delay, send in your subscriptions early. Our subscription price is

*FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.*

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PREMIUMS IN GOLD!

As an additional inducement to subscribe early, we shall distribute among our subscribers a large list of valuable Premiums, relying upon an extraordinary large subscription list to compensate us for our liberality. These premiums will consist of valuable Souvenirs of the golden wealth of the Pacific States, and will be as follows:—

☞To any person sending us One Hundred Paying Subscriptions, we will send them *immediately*, a Twenty and a Ten Dollar Gold Piece, California coinage, and an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

☞To any person sending us Fifty Paying Subscribers, we will send, *immediately*, a Ten and a Five Dollar Gold Piece, and an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

☞To any person sending us Twenty-five Paying subscribers, we will send, *immediately*, a Five Dollar and a Two-and-half Dollar Gold Piece, and an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

☞To any person sending us Ten Paying subscribers, we will send, *immediately*, a Three Dollar Gold Piece, and an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

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The Presents and Souvenirs consist of Ladies' Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve-Buttons, etc.; and Gentlemen's Breast-Pins, Finger-Rings, Sleeve-Buttons, Studs, Settings for Cane-Heads, etc., made from California and Nevada Gold and Silver bearing Quartz and Ore—Crystalized Quartz Jewelry, (commonly known as California Diamond Jewelry.) The Gold and Silver bearing Quartz and Ore from which these Souvenirs are made, is made from the celebrated GOULD & CURRY and Ophir mines of Nevada, and will be valuable as mementos, as well as beautiful in appearance and design. EVERY REGULAR SUBSCRIBER, as above, to the PACIFIC MONTHLY, will be entitled to one of these articles for every subscription standing opposite their names on our books.

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OF THE

PACIFIC MONTHLY

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CAUTION.

☞Write your Name, Post-Office, County and State, to where you want the PACIFIC MONTHLY sent, plain and distinct.

Register all letters containing money; or, when convenient, send by Express.

If your Post-Office is a Money-Order office, obtain a money-order for your remittance.

Send none but United States Treasury Notes, or money bankable in New York.

All letters asking information, etc., to receive attention, must contain a stamp, to *pre-pay* answer.

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PACIFIC MONTHLY,
34 LIBERTY STREET,
NEW YORK.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:
AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY,
121 Nassau Street, New York.
WHITE & BAUER,
San Francisco, California.

January 27, 1865—1y.

## OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A PAMPHLET directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address, E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 1130 Broadway, New York.

February 3, 1865—6m.

## IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

A LITTLE OF EVERYTHING relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well and a thousand things never published before read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price $1.50. Contents table sent free to any address. Books may be had at the book stores, or will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of the price. Address DR. E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 1130 Broadway, New York.

Feb. 3, 1865—6m.

## Information Free!

### TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay, and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers bad experience, and possess a sure and valuable remedy, can do so by addressing him at once at his place of business. The Recipe and full information—of vital importance—will be cheerfully sent by return mail.

Address JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 60 Nassau Street, New York.

P. S.—Nervous sufferers of both sexes will find this information invaluable.

December 2, 1864—3m

## SIX CENTS REWARD.

Ran away from the subscriber, in the borough of Schellsburg, on Friday morning, January 6th, 1865, a bound girl named Mary Catharine Frazier. All persons are cautioned against harboring or trusting her on my account. The above reward but neither thanks nor charges will be paid for bringing her back. J. E. COLVIN.

February 3, 1865—3t*

## EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Evan Swartzwelder, late of Monroe township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, in any way whatever, are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those having claims, will present them without delay, properly authenticated for settlement. EMANUEL SWARTZWELDER,

Feb. 3 1865. 6t.* Executor.

## FELIX HEYMAN

WITH

## Arnold, Nusbaum & Nirdlinger.

Importers, Jobbers, and Wholesale Dealers in

## CLOTHING,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tailors' Trimmings, &c.

Nos. 333 Market Street, and 27 North Fourth Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

OFFERS great inducements to Wholesale Dealers from the Country, in quantity, quality, style, prices and terms.

Merchants, Tailors and Dealers visiting Philadelphia, will find it to their advantage to call and examine stock and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. Dec. 9, 1864—1y

WM. W. PAUL. D. J. HOAR.

## H. L. HOOD,

WITH

## WM. W. PAUL & CO.,

WHOLESALE

## BOOT & SHOE

## WAREHOUSE,

623 Market St. & 614 Commerce St. above Sixth,

PHILADELPHIA.

December 16, 1864—1y.

## FLEMING HOLLIDAY

WITH

PAUL GRAFF, ISAAC WATKIN, WM. H. WEIMER, THOS. SAPPINGTON.

## CRAFF, WATKIN & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

## BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 426 Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

January 13, 1865—1y.

## FOR RENT.

The house in which I now live.

Jan. 18. O. E. SHANNON.


*List of Causes put down for trial at February Term, 1865. (13th day.)*

| | |
|---|---|
| Joseph Barley | vs Jackson Stuckey |
| Daniel Walter | vs Abm Sills admx |
| Michael Thomas | vs John & Abm Skelly |
| Somerset Fire Ins. Co. | vs James Burns |
| B. W. Garretson | vs Bowser & Nawgel |
| George Snyder | vs Adolphus Ake et al |
| Mary Moser et al | vs Josiah Miller Esq. |
| Stephen G. Wright | vs Wm. P. Hazard |
| Mary Moser | vs Josiah Miller |
| F. D. Beegle | vs Wentz & Feather |

January 20. O. E. SHANNON, Proty.

## Meeting of Stock Holders.

OFFICE HUNTINGDON & B. T. M. R. R. Co., PHILADELPHIA, January 16, 1865.

The annual meeting of the stock holders of this company will be held at their office, No. 258 South 3d street, Philadelphia, on Tuesday, the 7th day of February, 1865, at 11 o'clock, *A. M.*, when an election will be held for a President and twelve Directors for the ensuing year.

Jan. 20, 1865. J. P. AERTSEN, Secy.

C. N. HICKOK, J. G. MINNICH, JR.,

## DENTISTS,

BEDFORD, PA.

Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.

All operations, pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully and faithfully performed, and warranted.

TERMS—CASH.

Bedford, January 6, 1865.

## Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas and Levari Facias to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, on Saturday the 11th day of February, A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following real estate, viz:

The following described building and lot of ground of James Clossin, owner and contractor, viz: a certain frame or plank dwelling house one story and a half high, situate in the township of St. Clair, in the village of Pleasantville, in the county aforesaid, containing on front —— feet and in depth sixteen feet and the lot or curtilage appertaining, taken in execution as the property of James Clossin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing one hundred acres more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log house, log barn thereon erected, situate in West Providence township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Frederick Friend.

ALSO—One lot of ground with a dwelling house and other out buildings thereon erected, situate in the borough of Bedford, adjoining lot of John Miller and wife, on the West, and fronting East Pitt Street, and taken in execution as the property of Martin Miller.

JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff.

Bedford, January 13 1865.


## WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,

(SUCCESSORS TO MICHAEL WARTMAN & CO.)

## Tobacco Snuff and Segar

## MANUFACTORY,

No. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,

Second door below Wood,

PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. WARTMAN. H. P. ENGELMAN.

March 25, 1864.

## REMOVAL.

J. B. FARQUHAR has removed his store to the Colonnade immediately opposite the Nicholas Lyons stand. All his former patrons and the public generally, are invited to call and see him.

January 6, 1865.


## Receipts and Expenditures

### OF BEDFORD COUNTY,

*For the year ending January 2d, 1865.*

### JAMES B. FARQUHAR, ESQ.,

*Treasurer of Bedford County, in account with said County, from the 4th day of January, 1864, to the 2d day of January, 1865.*

TREASURER, CR.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To balance on hand at last settlement | | $3,214 72 |
| To cash received from collectors. | | |
| Joseph Evans, Broad Top township, | 1859, | 23 88 |
| Levi Carpenter, Londonderry | " | 16 52 |
| Simon Stuckey, Colerain | 1860 | 91 37 |
| R. D. Barclay, Bedford borough | 1861 | 235 38 |
| Frederick Hildebrandt, Juniata tp. | " | 97 49 |
| William Bonnell, Londonderry | " | 42 03 |
| John Aldstadt, St. Clair | " | 88 97 |
| Hezekiah Barkman, Southampton | " | 91 41 |
| Rudolph Hoover, Woodberry M. | " | 67 39 |
| Thomas M. Lynch, Bedford bor. | 1862 | 198 69 |
| William Phillips, Bedford tp. | " | 14 80 |
| Jonathan Hyde, Harrison | " | 179 33 |
| Casper Stroup, Juniata | " | 129 24 |
| William Cook, Londonderry, | " | 206 30 |
| Baltzer Fletcher, Monroe | " | 35 73 |
| John Wayde, Napier | " | 410 51 |
| D. A. T. Black, Providence East | " | 27 44 |
| John Frasier, St. Clair | " | 53 40 |
| Francis Beard, Union | " | 154 52 |
| J. R. Durborrow, Woodberry M. | " | 115 43 |
| Henry Nicodemus, Bedford bor. | 1863 | 469 16 |
| Jacob Fetter, Bedford township | " | 500 00 |
| Peter Ewalt, Schellsburg bor. | " | 128 52 |
| Samuel Bender, Bloody Run bor. | " | 12 06 |
| Lewis N. Fyan, Juniata tp. | " | 350 00 |
| Thomas Fisher, Cumberland Valley | " | 566 40 |
| Nicholas Koons, Snake Spring | " | 433 76 |
| Herbert Shoemaker, Colerain | " | 598 18 |
| D. A. T. Black, Providence East | " | 93 33 |
| Jacob Carpenter, Londonderry | " | 269 58 |
| George Beegle, Union | " | 560 00 |
| James P. Kay, Hopewell | " | 429 52 |
| John C. Figart, Broad Top | " | 481 85 |
| Aaron Reed, Woodberry S. | " | 190 00 |
| John Mors, Southampton | " | 495 73 |
| John W. Crisman, St. Clair | " | 786 00 |
| Peter Winegardner, Napier | " | 597 21 |
| Alfred Entriken, Liberty | " | 22 85 |
| Baltzer Fletcher, Monroe | " | 100 00 |
| William M. Pearson, Woodberry M. | " | 887 91 |
| U. H. Akers, Bedford borough | 1864 | 322 53 |
| John C. Figard, Broad Top | " | 213 11 |
| Samuel Bender, Bloody Run bor. | " | 35 00 |
| Wm. Mason, Cumb'd Valley tp. | " | 100 00 |
| Herbert Shoemaker, Colerain | " | 220 37 |
| Wm. Gorsuch, Hopewell | " | 150 00 |
| George Gardill, Juniata, | " | 200 00 |
| Benjamin Valentine, Londonderry | " | 200 00 |
| Wm. Stuckey, Monroe | " | 153 00 |
| William Crisman, Napier | " | 200 00 |
| Joseph Fisher, Providence W. | " | 200 00 |
| P. M. Barton, Providence E. | " | 125 00 |
| Samuel Beckley, St. Clair | " | 100 00 |
| Archibald Perdew, Southampton | " | 250 00 |
| George Smouse, Snake Spring, | " | 102 00 |
| George Beegle, Union | " | 143 00 |
| Samuel Crisman, Woodberry S. | " | 356 00 |
| Sol. Barley, Woodberry M. | " | 545 00 |
| John Echert, Liberty | " | 285 00 |
| Received on 438 assessed soldiers | | 42 80 |
| John J. Cessna, Commonwealth cases | | 74 43 |
| John Cessna, Esq., unseated lands redeemed | | 53 52 |
| On note of Mower & Tate | | 8 70 |
| On note of S. Peck | | 49 58 |
| John G. Fisher, Esq., on sale of stoves | | 45 78 |
| Commissioners sale of unseated lands | | 61 72 |
| Taxes on unseated lands | | 524 57 |
| Whole amount received | | $18,736 75 |

TREASURER, CR.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amount paid Grand and Petit Jurors | | $1,476 19 |
| Assessors making triennial and other assessments | | 586 77 |
| Expenses of spring election | | 218 92 |
| August election | | 281 80 |
| October election | | 401 38 |
| November election | | 423 00 |
| Jonathan Feightner, Commissioner | | 9 00 |
| P. J. Shoemaker | " | 119 50 |
| Andrew Crisman | " | 123 00 |
| George Roades | " | 134 00 |
| Michael Wertz | " | 48 00 |
| John G. Fisher Clerk to Commissioners | | 180 00 |
| U. H. Akers Attorney to | " | 75 00 |
| Joshua Mower, attending and repairing Court House | | 56 03 |
| Levi Agnew, Court crier | | 57 00 |
| " " cleaning Court House | | 45 00 |
| Mary Morris, cleaning and scrubbing offices in Court House | | 30 00 |
| Wood furnished Court House and Jail | | 44 95 |
| Coal " " " " | | 78 79 |
| Holding inquests | | 92 07 |
| John B. Castner, holding inquest | | 10 87 |
| Road and bridge views | | 147 00 |
| Charles Merwine, services as janitor, cutting wood and attending Court House | | 78 91 |
| Simon P. Harbaugh, binding dockets | | 9 00 |
| John Aldstadt, costs in Commonwealth cases | | 1,200 56 |
| John Major " " | | 2 67 |
| G. H. Spang " " | | 73 95 |
| J. A. Henderson " " | | 66 21 |
| Benj. Wigfield " " | | 56 59 |
| M. Richey " " | | 11 16 |
| Wm. M. Hall " " | | 10 00 |
| Jeremiah Shaw " " | | 22 36 |
| Constables returns | | 296 24 |
| Constables attending juries | | 15 00 |
| John G. Fisher, attending bridge sales, copying assessments, holding appeals, furnishing blank books for Commissioners' office, &c., | | 150 53 |
| J. R. Durborrow, printing | | 112 15 |
| B. F. Meyers " | | 597 20 |
| David Over " | | 177 70 |
| John Mors and James E. Kay, money overpaid on duplicates | | 13 72 |
| William Oster, attending election | | 2 90 |
| J. M. Shoemaker, covers for duplicates | | 3 26 |
| George Blackburn, building bridge in Liberty township | | 1,350 00 |
| Constables arresting prisoners | | 6 12 |
| Nicholas Sleek and Mark Housare, reward and arresting horse thief | | 82 20 |
| Wm. Hartley, goods furnished for Court House | | 7 45 |
| Geo. Blymyer & Son " " | | 53 39 |
| John Aldstadt, taking John Miller to Western Penitentiary | | 110 00 |
| John Aldstadt, keeping prisoners | | 259 67 |
| Sam. Creswell, stoves for Court House | | 129 50 |
| John Border, hobbling prisoners | | 7 00 |
| Henry Mower, papering Prothonotary's office | | 9 02 |
| John Aldstadt, bed for use of Jail | | 27 50 |
| Talesmen, | | 48 46 |
| Joshua Mower and others, tipstaves | | 58 75 |
| Henry Reinhard, painting Prothonotary's office | | 5 45 |
| Drs. Compher and Watson, medical attendance to F. A. Ringler | | 13 00 |
| A. C. Percival, seal for Commissioners' office | | 10 25 |
| Graff & Hugus, stoves for Court House | | 91 00 |
| J. B. Farquhar, revenue stamps, bank note detector, &c., | | 9 50 |
| T. C. Garrett, lumber | | 4 87 |
| J. McCleary, acknowledging deeds | | 18 00 |
| John Cook, building bridge | | 225 00 |
| Martin Hoover, work done on bridge at Stonerstown | | 75 00 |
| F. L. Hutter, blanks and books for Commissioners' office | | 67 90 |
| O. E. Shannon, dockets for Prothonotary's office | | 138 91 |
| J. B. Noble, error in check of Reed | | 13 26 |
| L. N. Fyan, building bridge | | 35 00 |
| Freight on stoves from railroad | | 9 23 |
| Reed & Schell for revenue stamps | | 9 50 |
| George Roades on bridge | | 50 00 |
| Expenses of sale of unseated lands | | 38 26 |
| W. S. Haven for stationery | | 56 44 |
| Miscellaneous checks | | 90 88 |
| John Sill interest on note | | 120 00 |
| John Brice interest on note | | 192 00 |
| John Brice's note paid | | 5,000 00 |
| Fox and wild cat scalps | | 216 34 |
| Treasurer's salary | | 300 00 |
| Stationery | | 10 00 |
| Uncurrent funds | | 7 00 |
| Treasurer for auditing and collecting old accounts | | 20 00 |
| Attorney's fees on same | | 10 00 |
| Auditors and clerk | | 75 00 |
| | | $16,596 23 |
| Charges | $18,736 75 | |
| Credits | 16,596 23 | |
| Balance in Treasury | $2,230 52 | |

### Statement of Moneys

*Due and owing to Bedford County.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jacob Nicodemus, Woodberry M. | 1854 | $168 53 | |
| John A. Osborn, Broad Top | 1857 | 106 69 | |
| Lemuel Evans, " | 1858 | 283 67 | |
| John C. Morgart, Cumb'd Valley | " | 89 26 | |
| Jacob A. Nicodemus, Woodberry M. | " | 138 73 | |
| George Roades, Liberty | 1859 | 50 12 | |
| Jacob S. Brumbaugh, Woodberry S. | " | 47 32 | |
| Abram Croyle, Union | 1860 | 299 40 | |
| Jacob S. Brumbaugh, Woodberry S. | " | 25 00 | |
| R. D. Barclay, Bedford borough | 1861 | 26 21 | |
| John Aldstadt, St. Clair | " | 16 00 | |
| Thomas M. Lynch, Bedford bor. | 1862 | 111 91 | |
| Wm. Phillips, Bedford tp. | " | 42 33 | |
| P. Hardman, Cumberland Valley | " | 32 50 | |
| J. R. Durborrow, Woodberry M. | " | 238 17 | |
| Samuel Working, Woodberry S. | " | 178 62 | |
| H. Nicodemus, Bedford bor. | 1863 | 502 77 | |
| Jacob Fetter, Bedford tp. | " | 1,003 72 | |
| David Sparks, Providence W. | " | 180 14 | |
| Hezekiah May, Harrison | " | 307 55 | |
| L. N. Fyan, Juniata | " | 85 42 | |
| D. A. T. Black, Providence E. | " | 270 68 | |
| Jacob Carpenter, Londonderry | " | 134 00 | |
| George Beegle, Union | " | 206 09 | |
| Aaron Reed, Woodberry S. | " | 1,099 37 | |
| J. W. Crisman, St. Clair | " | 43 71 | |
| Baltzer Fletcher, Monroe | " | 328 82 | |
| U. H. Akers, Bedford bor. | 1864 | 670 60 | |
| Henry Beegle, Bedford tp. | " | 1,521 89 | |
| John C. Figart, Broad Top | " | 942 06 | |
| Samuel Bender, Bloody Run bor. | " | 214 44 | |
| Wm. Mason, Cumberland Valley | " | 813 53 | |
| Herbert Shoemaker, Colerain | " | 723 45 | |
| Wm. Gorsuch, Hopewell | " | 319 07 | |
| Alexander Shoemaker, Harrison | " | 359 81 | |
| George Gardill, Juniata | " | 437 41 | |
| Benj. Valentine, Londonderry | " | 334 28 | |
| Wm. Stuckey, Monroe | " | 476 66 | |
| Wm. Crisman, Napier | " | 773 97 | |
| Joseph Fisher, Providence W | do | 194 14 | |
| Peter M. Barton, Providence E. | do | 349 25 | |
| Samuel Beckley, St. Clair | do | 1,000 92 | |
| Archibald Perdew, Southampton | do | 284 81 | |
| George Smouse, Snake Spring | do | 516 63 | |
| W. J. Rock, Schellsburg bor. | do | 172 83 | |
| George Beegle, Union | do | 621 87 | |
| Samuel Crisman, Woodberry S. | do | 1,075 95 | |
| Sol. Barley, Woodberry M. | do | 1,145 24 | |
| John Echart, Liberty | do | 96 79 | |
| Total | | $19,039 23 | |

☞Part of the above is subject to exonerations and commissions and upon all sums due over fifteen months, interest will be charged.

### Statement of Moneys

*Due and owed by Bedford County.*

| | |
|---|---|
| To John Sill | $2,000 00 |
| There is now in the Treasury subject to the order of the Commissioners | $2,230 52 |

### Bounty Fund.

TREASURER, DR.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To amount received from collectors, as follows: | | |
| Nicholas Koons, Snake Spring | 1863 | $70 07 |
| Thomas Fisher, Cumberland Valley | | 92 40 |
| Samuel Bender, Bloody Run bor. | | 31 09 |
| Wm. M. Pearson, Woodberry M | | 154 72 |
| L. N. Fyan, Juniata | | 131 36 |
| Alfred Entriken, Liberty | | 10 55 |
| Peter Ewalt, Schellsburg bor. | | 55 52 |
| H. Nicodemus, Bedford bor. | | 69 75 |
| Herbert Shoemaker, Colerain | | 50 00 |
| Baltzer Fletcher, Monroe | | 200 00 |
| John C. Figard, Broad Top | | 296 63 |
| Jacob Carpenter, Londonderry | | 53 61 |
| John W. Crisman, St. Clair | | 75 00 |
| Peter Winegardner, Napier | | 217 28 |
| Hezekiah May, Harrison | | 60 00 |
| D. A. T. Black, Providence E. | | 300 00 |
| Jacob Fetter, Bedford township | | 653 33 |
| Henry Beegle, do | 1864 | 600 00 |
| John C. Figard, Broad Top | | 400 00 |
| Samuel Bender, Bloody Run bor. | | 45 00 |
| Wm. Mason, Cumberland Valley | | 310 00 |
| Herbert Shoemaker, Colerain | | 180 00 |
| Wm. Gorsuch, Hopewell | | 200 00 |
| Alexander Shoemaker, Harrison | | 150 00 |
| George Gardill, Juniata | | 270 00 |
| Benjamin Valentine, Londonderry | | 230 00 |
| William Stuckey, Monroe | | 267 00 |
| William Crismin, Napier | | 404 00 |
| Joseph Fisher, Providence W. | | 150 00 |
| P. M. Barton, Providence E. | | 190 00 |
| Samuel Beckley, St. Clair | | 375 00 |
| Archibald Perdew, Southampton | | 200 00 |
| George Smouse, Snake Spring | | 282 00 |
| Wm. J. Rock, Schellsburg borough | | 73 00 |
| George Beegle, Union | | 160 00 |
| Samuel Crisman, Woodberry S. | | 585 09 |
| Sol. Barley, Woodberry M. | | 740 00 |
| John Echart, Liberty | | 100 00 |
| | | $8,433 31 |

TREASURER, CR.

| | |
|---|---|
| By whole amount paid out as per Commissioners' drafts | $8,493 10 |
| Treasurer's commission | 84 83 |
| Auditors and clerk | 40 00 |
| | $8 617 93 |
| Credits | $8,617 93 |
| Charges | 8,433 31 |
| Bal. due Treasurer Farquhar | $184 62 |

*Moneys owed Bedford county on Bounty Fund from collectors, as follows:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Baltzer Fletcher Monroe | 1863 | 78 82 |
| David Sparks Providence W. | | 52 14 |
| Hezekiah May Harrison | | 175 55 |
| D. A. T. Black Providence E. | | 98 44 |
| U. H. Akers Bedford bor. | 1864 | 496 32 |
| Henry Beegle Bedford township | | 161 58 |
| John C. Figard Broad Top | | 112 92 |
| Samuel Bender Bloody Run borough | | 79 81 |
| William Mason Cumberland Valley | | 152 31 |
| Herbert Shoemaker Colerain | | 293 24 |
| William Gorsuch Hopewell | | 34 85 |
| Alexander Shoemaker Harrison | | 30 29 |
| George Gardill Juniata | | 49 28 |
| Benjamin Valentine Londonderry | | 40 36 |
| William Stuckey Monroe | | 48 40 |
| Joseph Fisher Providence W. | | 48 16 |
| Peter M. Barton Providence E. | | 47 60 |
| Samuel Beckley St. Clair | | 177 07 |
| Archibald Perdew Southampton | | 68 59 |
| George Smouse Snake Spring | | 29 43 |
| William J. Rock Schellsburg bor. | | 16 52 |
| George Beegle Union | | 223 26 |
| Samuel Crisman Woodberry S. | | 130 43 |
| Sol. Barley Woodberry M. | | 107 12 |
| John Echart Liberty | | 91 29 |
| | | $2,843 82 |

BEDFORD COUNTY, ss:

The undersigned Auditors of Bedford county, do hereby certify, that in pursuance of the Act of Assembly in such cases made and provided, they met at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, and did audit and adjust the accounts of James B. Farquhar, Esq., Treasurer of said county, for the year 1864, as contained in the foregoing statements and that we have examined the foregoing accounts of moneys due to and owed by Bedford county, and that we have found the same to be correct.

Witness our hands this 4th day of January, 1865.

JOHN H. BARTON,
DANIEL BARLEY,
DAVID EVANS,
Auditors.

Attest—E. F. KERR, Clerk.

*Report of the Auditors of Bedford county to the Auditor General, January 4th, 1865.*

### JAMES B. FARQUHAR, ESQ.,

Treasurer of Bedford county, in account with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *TREASURER,* | | *DR.* |
| To amount received from collectors on unseated lands | | $7,610 73<br>335 93 |
| | | $7,946 66 |
| *TREASURER,* | | *CR.* |
| By amount paid State Treasurer, as per receipts examined and filed | | $5,530 69 |
| Certificate of deposit from Reed & Schell | | 2,336 51 |
| Treasurers commission | | 79 46 |
| | | $7,946 66 |
| *Tavern Licenses,* | | *Dr.* |
| To aggregate amount assessed for 1864 | | $730 00 |
| *Cr.* | | |
| By amount paid State Treasurer, as per receipts dated April 5th and July 6th | $650 75 | |
| Certificate of deposit | 28 25 | |
| Exoneration of John Drhew | 15 00 | |
| Treasurers commission on amt assd | 36 00 | |
| | | $730 00 |
| *Eating Houses* | | *Dr.* |
| To aggregate amount for 1864 | | $100 00 |
| *Cr.* | | |
| Exoneration of John Harris | $10 00 | |
| Treasurers commission | 4 50 | |
| Amount paid State Treasurer | 85 50 | |
| | | $100 00 |
| *Distilleries,* | | *Dr.* |
| To aggregate amount assessed for 1864 | | $60 00 |
| *Cr.* | | |
| By Treasurers commission on $60 | $3 00 | |
| Amount paid State Treasurer | 57 00 | |
| | | $60 00 |
| *Banks,* | | *Dr.* |
| To aggregate amount for 1864 | | $20 00 |
| *Cr.* | | |
| By Treasurers commission on $20 | $1 00 | |
| Paid State Treasurer | 19 00 | |
| | | $20 00 |
| *Confectionaries,* | | *Dr.* |
| To aggregate amount for 1864 | | $15 00 |
| *Cr.* | | |
| By Treasurers commission on $14 | .75 | |
| Paid State Treasurer | 14 25 | |
| | | $15 00 |
| *Ten Pin Alleys and Billiards,* | | *Dr.* |
| To aggregate amount for 1864 | | $30 00 |
| *Cr.* | | |
| By Treasurers commission on $30 | $1 50 | |
| Paid State Treasurer | 28 50 | |
| | | $30 00 |
| *Liquor Dealers,* | | *Dr.* |
| To aggregate amount for 1864 | | $25 00 |
| *Cr.* | | |
| By Treasurers commission on $25 | $1 25 | |
| Paid State Treasurer | 23 75 | |
| | | $25 00 |
| *Mercantile License,* | | *Dr.* |
| To aggregate amount for 1864 | | $696 00 |
| *Cr.* | | |
| By exoneration | $21 00 | |
| Treasurers commission on $675 | 33 75 | |
| B. F. Meyers publishing retailers licenses | 12 00 | |
| B. F. McNeil do do | 12 00 | |
| Paid State Treasurer | 617 25 | |
| | | $696 00 |

There is now outstanding in the hands of collectors for 1864 and previous years and due the State $6,565 52

*Bedford County, ss:*

The undersigned Auditors of said county, do certify that in pursuance of the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided, they met at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, and did audit and adjust the accounts between James B. Farquhar, Esq., Treasurer of said county, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as contained in the foregoing statements. Witness our hands this 4th day of January, 1865.

JOHN H. BARTON,
DANIEL BARLEY,
DAVID EVANS,
Auditors.

Attest—E. F. KERR, Clerk.

### REGISTER'S NOTICE.

All persons interested are hereby notified that the following accountants have filed their accounts in the Registers office of Bedford county, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans Court in and for said county, on Tuesday, the 14th day of February next, at the Court House in Bedford, for confirmation:

1. The account of Michael Diehl, administrator of the estate of Nicholas Diehl, late of Colerain township, deceased.

2. The final account of Henry Whetstone, administrator of the estate of Daniel Means, jr., late of Monroe township, deceased.

3. The account of Thomas S. Holsinger, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Geo. M. Hoisinger, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

4. The account of Andrew B. Snowberger, administrator of the estate of Hezekiah H. Miller, late of South Woodberry township, deceased.

5. The final account of Michael Sleighter and Solomon Feight, administrators of the estate of Daniel Sleighter, late of East Providence township, deceased.

6. The account of Thomas S. Holsinger, administrator de bonis non of John Roudebush, late of Union township, deceased.

7. The account of J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., administrator with the will annexed of Ann Eliza Cox, late of the borough of Bedford deceased.

8 The account of Jas. Burns and Emanuel Statler, executors of the last will and testament of Jas. Burns, late of Juniata township, deceased.

9. The account of Jacob B. Furry, administrator of the estate of John B. Furry, late of Napier township, deceased.

The first account of Jacob Walter and Jacob Berkhimer, executors of the last will and testament of Frederick Berkhimer, late of St. Clairsville, Bedford county, deceased.

O. E. SHANNON, Register.

January 20, 1865.

### COURT PROCLAMATION.

*To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford Greeting.*

KNOW YE, that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. ALEX. KING, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Fulton, Bedford and Somerset, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminand General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and SAMUEL DAVIS and JAMES BURNS, Jr., Esq's, Judges of the same Court in the same county of Bedford. You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Genral Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to beholden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid on the second Monday of February, (being the 13th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 20th of January, in the year of our Lord 1865.

JOHN ALDSTADT,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ja. 20, 1865


## SHRINER'S

## BALSAMIC COUGH SYRUP.

*For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain and Weakness of the Breast, Difficulty of Breathing, &c.*

THIS is no new remedy. It has been used for a number of years in Maryland and parts of Pennsylvania, and has, wherever known, acquired an unprecedented reputation for curing the various diseases for which it is recommended.

So apparent is its usefulness, and so remarkable has been its cures, that it is fast superceding every other remedy for those diseases. The afflicted can rely upon it doing as much for them, and in many cases more than any other remedy now before the public.

It is recommended and prescribed in the practice of a large number of the most intelligent and able physicians of Maryland. It is used and considered an indispensable household remedy by a large portion of the first families of the State.

It is used by all classes of society, and the universal opinion is that it is good. *This Syrup is purely Vegetable Compound.* It is pleasant to take, and never does injury. But owing to its purifying qualities, must do good under any circumstances. Its effects are truly wonderful, soothing, calming, and allaying the most violent coughs, purifying, strengthening and invigorating the whole system, calming and soothing the nerves; aiding and facilitating expectoration, and healing the DISEASED LUNGS, thus striking at the root of disease, and driving it from the system.

CROUP.

This disease is announced by difficulty of breathing, shrill whistling or wheezing, hacking cough and threatened suffocation, &c. It mostly occurs in young children. No child need die of croup if this Syrup is properly used and used in time. Mothers having croupy children should watch the first show of the disease, and always keep this remedy at hand.

For coughs after measles this syrup is most excellent. Experience has proven that it is equalled by no other preparation.

The price of the remedy is such as to place it within the reach of all, the poor as well as the rich, and every person should have it.

Every person should have it in the house. It is a true and faithful friend to all who value health and wish to secure themselves against that most terrible disease, consumption. It will be found the most useful as well as the cheapest family medicine in the world. It has been used for the last four years with a success without a parallel.

Price 40 cts. per bottle, or three bottles for $1.00. Prepared by S. A. Foutz & Bro.

For sale by H. C. Reamer and B. F. Harry Druggists, Bedford, Pa.

December 23, 1864—1y.

## SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE.

SINCE the introduction of this beautiful preparation, it has been steadily advancing into public favor. Its astonishing efficacy in expelling worms has won for it many friends wherever known, and these are speaking its praise to others, so that it is fast being introduced into every family in the land. The demand for it is becoming immense. To make it still more worthy the preference already shown it, the PROPRIETOR is putting it up in a much handsomer style than formerly. It is now prepared with the greatest care of uniform strength, with plain directions, so that any one can administer it.

TO DESTROY WORMS!

### It is entirely Vegetable---Perfectly Safe and Harmless,

And has never been known to fail to expel worms, where worms existed. The proprietors boldly assert that it is superior to any other preparation in the world.

☞Ask for SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE, and take no other. ☞Price 25 cents per bottle.

*Prepared by S. A. Foutz & Bro., and for sale at the drug stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.* December 23, 1864—1y.

## FOUTZ'S MIXTURE.

THE BEST LINIMENT FOR MAN AND BEAST NOW IN USE.

IS a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of Rheumatism, Painful Nervous Affections, Sprains, Burns, Swellings and all diseases requiring an external application on man.

On horses it will never fail to cure Poleevil, Fistula, old running sores, or Sweeney, if properly applied. For sprains, bruises, scratches, crooked hoofs, chafes, saddles or collar gall, cuts or wounds, it is an infallible remedy. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

### RHEUMATISM.

Persons afflicted with this disease no matter of how long standing, can be promptly and effectually cured by using this Mixture. There is nothing in the world so sure and so good to take away hard corns, and cure Frost Bites as this preparation. Try it and satisfy yourselves, Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Prepared by

S. A. FOUTZ, Baltimore, Md.

☞For sale at the drug stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa. [Dec. 23, '64—1y

HORSES AND CATTLE

## FOUTZ'S

### CELEBRATED HORSE AND CATTLE

## POWDERS.

THESE Powders have proved after a trial of several years, to be superior to any preparation of the kind in use. The chief superiority of these powders arises from the fact that they are composed of medicines that have Laxative, Tonic and Purifying properties.—The laxative ejects crudities from the stomach and intestines, the tonic gives strength to the system of the Horse, and the purifying medicines contained in them cleanse the blood, and lay the foundation for a vigorous and healthy circulation. The use of them improves the wind, strengthens the appetite and gives the horse a fine, smooth and glossy skin—thus improving the appearance, vigor and spirit of this noble animal.

These powders are not intended, as most powders are, to bloat the animal, so as to give him the appearance of being fat when not really so—but, to remove the disease and promote his general health.

These powders will strengthen the stomach and intestines, cleanse them from offensive matter, and bring them to a healthy state. They are a sure prevention of Lung Fever, and a certain remedy for all diseases incident to the Horse, as Glanders, Yellow Water, Distempers, Founder, Heaves, Slavering, Coughs, Fevers, Loss of Appetite, and Vital Energy, &c.—These Powders, if used two or three times a week, through the winter and spring, your horse will never get the Lung Fever, Colic or Botts. A few doses of these powders will remove the worst cough, on any horse. Were owners of horses to feed a few of these powders every year, they might save the lives of many valuable horses.

### MILCH COWS.

The properties this powder possesses in increasing the quantity of milk in cows, gives it an importance and value which should place it in the hands of every person keeping a cow. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

### HOGS.

In all diseases of swine, as coughs, ulcers in the lungs and liver, &c., by putting from half a paper to a paper of these powders in a barrel of swill, the above diseases can be cured or entirely prevented. By using these powders the hog cholera can be prevented.

*Prepared by* S. A. FOUTZ, Westminster, Md.

☞For sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa. Dec. 23—1y

HOGS. CATTLE. HORSES.

## COAL OIL!

We call the attention of customers to our "CRYSTAL ILLUMINATING CARBON OIL," which stands No. 1 in the market. It costs more per gallon than we can buy other oil for, but we are determined to sell a good quality of oil, and not charge any more for it than is charged for an inferior article.

We have, also, No. 1 BENZOLE, and will warrant it equal to the best Turpentine for painting.

Our stock of HARDWARE is complete, and we are selling our goods as low as they can be sold anywhere. We would invite customers to call and examine our prices.

Jan. 27—3t GEO. BLYMYER & SON.


## TAVERN LICENSES.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have taken out petitions for Tavern License, and that said petitions will be presented at the next Court of Quarter Sessions, to be held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the 2d Monday, (13th day) of February next, for allowance or rejection:

Patrick Drhew, Coaldale, Broad Top township,
Aaron Reed, Middle Woodberry,
Isaac Grove, Bloody Run, W. Providence,
James L. Prince, Saxton, Liberty,
S. K. Bottomfield, Bloody Run,
John Weaverling, do do
D. & H. C. Ott, do do
William Deatrick, Clearville, Monroe,
George Weimer, do do

Jan. 27. O. E. SHANNON, Clerk.

## ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

### REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the subscriber will sell at public sale on the premises in Hopewell township, on TUESDAY the 14th day of February 1865.

That large and valuable farm of which Jacob Fluke

## LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST,

FARMERS, MECHANICS, LAWYERS,

DOCTORS, PREACHERS

AND ALL,

Buy your goods at the BARGAIN STORE of

**G. R. & W. OSTER,**

Who have just received an elegant assortment of

# New Winter Goods,

Embracing Black Silks, Bombazines, Cobergs, Alpacas, Mohairs, Lustres, Canton Cloths, Poplins, Reps, Silk Plaids, all Wool Delaines, latest styles, American Delaines, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Table Diaper, Ticking, Ballardvale and Shaker Flannels, Canton Flannels, Scarlet, Solferino and Grey Shirting Flannels, Sheeting and Shirting Muslins of standard makes, Miners Flannels, Linseys and Blankets. Ladies' Furs, Muffs, Capes and Cuffs. Ladies Repellont Waterproof Cloths, Shawls and Circulars, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, TWEEDS AND KENTUCKY JEANS, for men and boys wear.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, NECK TIES, SHIRT COLLARS AND FRONTS, MERINO UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

**HATS AND CAPS,**

Every style, quality and color.

BOOTS AND SHOES, in great variety.

**GROCERIES.**

CHOICE RIO COFFEE, Extra Young Hyson, Imperial and Oolong TEAS, Sugars, Syrups, Rice, Chocolate, Spices, Salt, Cheese, &c., &c.

CHEWING TOBACCO AND SEGARS, of choice brands.

A large assortment of QUEENSWARE, together with 1,000 other articles to which we call the attention of buyers.

Bedford, November 25, 1864.

## NEW GOODS.

The undersigned have just opened a large and general assortment of

**FALL AND WINTER GOODS.**

Embracing many varieties of fabrics, new and beautiful.

Having on hand a large stock purchased previous to the late advance, we are enabled to offer many

*BARGAINS*

THAT CANNOT BE FOUND ELSEWHERE.

Our friends, customers, and public generally, are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing, as we are determined to sell at SHORT PROFITS, thereby ensuring large sales.

TERMS—Cash, Produce, or Four Months credit to those who will pay us promptly.

☞Interest charged on all accounts after due.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

December 2, 1864.

### How to Save Your Money.

Call and buy your goods of E. V. MOWRY, that has been purchased at 33 per cent. cheaper than they have been for the last three months, or can be at present, when gold and goods had suddenly fallen.

Her stock comprises a general assortment of

**Millinery Goods,**

*BONNETS, FELT AND SILK HATS,*

Latest Winter Styles.

ALSO—A fine assortment of CLOAKS, BALMORAL and HOOP SKIRTS, WOOLEN HOSE, DRESS BUTTONS, NOTIONS, &c.

☞All persons having accounts standing, will please call and settle at once, for we have to pay Cash for all we buy, and MUST receive CASH for our goods to keep up our stock.

Bedford, November 4, 1864.

## C. D. M'CLEES & CO.

*Wholesale Dealers in*

**BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS,**

AND

**INDIA RUBBER SHOES,**

NO 133 NORTH THIRD STREET

OPPOSITE CHERRY ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

Apr. 17, 1863—1y.

### A Most Excellent Medicine.

J. F. Carpenter's Rheumatic Fluid.—Persons suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diptheria, Burns, &c., will find this a most excellent remedy. It comes to us recommended by some of the best men in the State—and in this community. Try a bottle and see for yourself. For sale at P. L. Defibaugh's, Bedford. April 29, 1864—1y.

### STRAY HEIFFER

Came trespassing upon the premises of the subscriber, residing in Snake Spring tp., some time in June last, a red heifer with white head and legs, no ear mark, supposed to be about two years old; the owner is desired to prove property, pay charges and take her away or she will be sold according to law.

JACOB DUNKLE.

Bedford, Jan. 20, 1865—4t.*

### Estate of Robert Elder, dec'd.

Bedford County, ss:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1864, before the Judges of the said Court, on motion of John Palmer, the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Robert Elder, late of Middle Woodberry township, deceased, to wit: Josiah S. Elder, 2d, George Elder, 3d, Mary, wife of John Earlenbaugh, 4th, Henry S. Elder, 5th, William S. Elder, 6th, Isaac Elder. 7th, Daniel S. Elder, 8th, Robert S. Elder, 9th, Matilda Elder, 10th, Elizabeth Elder, a minor, and Hannah Elder, widow, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the 2nd Monday, (13th day) of February next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation issued out of on said Court and to the Sheriff of said county directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the said Court at Bedford, the 21st day of November, A. D. 1864.

O. E. SHANNON, Clerk.

Attest—John Aldstadt, Sheriff. [Jan. 13.

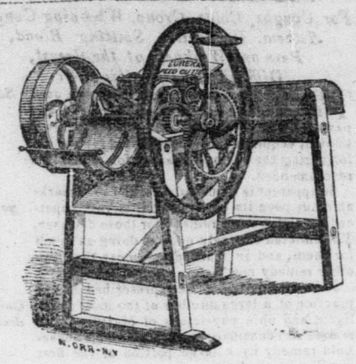
### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Rachel Kegg, late of Colerain township, dec'd. having been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Bedford county, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB KEGG, administrator.

Bedford, Jan. 20, 1865.

## WM. HARTLEY'S COLUMN.




**The Eureka Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutter and Crusher,**

Will save to any farmer who has six head of horses to keep, at least $150 in one season.

This machine has been improved since last year, and is pronounced by the farming public "The best Cutter ever invented."

Having sold more than 100 of these cutters the past year, I respectfully beg leave to refer to a few farmers of Bedford county who have them in use:

| | |
|---|---|
| Judge Burns, | Daniel Walter, |
| John Schnebley, | Abraham Reighard, |
| Samuel Boor, | M. B. Miller, |
| Simon Nycum, | John Shank, |
| Jacob Fetter, | John W. Hoover, |
| C. R. Rea, | Michael Schafer, |
| John S. Brumbaugh, | John N. Teeter, |
| Henry Harshberger, | Henry Clapper, |
| Samuel Griffith, | Jacob Yont, |
| Jacob Biddle, | John Halderbaum, |
| Isaac Imler, | Martin Hoover, |
| Adam Dibert, | Wm. Grisinger, |
| John Whiteline, | Frederick Schnebley, |
| Adam Samel, | J. Irvin Noble, |
| Henry Stiffler, | George Bowser, |
| William Rock, | David Karns, |

William Keyser and some 60 other farmers, all of whom I am confident will speak of this machine in the highest terms of praise.

On account of the great scarcity of mechanics, the high price of material, and the great demand for these machines, I was unable to secure enough to supply the demand last season. And having now but 40 on hand, farmers desiring to secure cutt

MUST ORDER SOON.

—ALSO—

I still have in store an elegant assortment of

**Hardware of all kinds,**

which I will close out at very fair prices.

**Farm Implements,**

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

*THE BEST*

**Coal Oil and Lamps**

*AT THE LOWEST RATES.*

CORN SHELLERS,

CIDER MILLS,

CLOVER HULLERS,

GRAIN DRILLS,

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES,

which I will sell during the winter at much less than they will be sold for next season.

SAUSAGE MEAT CUTTERS,

at old prices.

BUTCHER KNIVES, MEAT SAWS,

REVOLVERS of different kinds.

SADDLERY,

SHOE FINDINGS,

MILL SAWS, at old rates.

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, &c.

Being desirous of closing up my business, all indebted to me will please settle at once—and persons desiring any thing in my line, will find it to their advantage to call, as I am determined to close out my present stock of goods at LOWER RATES than goods can now be purchased for elsewhere.

**ALWAYS ON HAND,**

**The very best Coal Oil made.**

CLEAR AND BRIGHT,

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

Thankful for the very liberal share of patronage which I have heretofore received, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

WM. HARTLEY.

Bedford, November 18, 1864.

### A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

*Just published in a sealed envelope. Price Six Cts.*

A LECTURE on the Nature, Treatment and radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,

127 Bowery, N. Y. Post-office Box 4586.

Feb. 6. (Nov. 25, '64.)

## WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

ONE OF THE OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDIES IN THE WORLD FOR

*Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, and every affection of*

THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST,

INCLUDING EVEN

**CONSUMPTION.**

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

*So general has the use of this remedy become, and so popular is it everywhere, that it is unnecessary to recount its virtues. Its works speak for it, and find utterance in the abundant and voluntary testimony of the many who from long suffering and settled disease have by its use been restored to pristine vigor and health. We can present a mass of evidence in proof of our assertions, that*

CANNOT BE DISCREDITED.

**The Rev. Jacob Sechler,**

Well known and much respected among the German population in this country, makes the following statement for the benefit of the afflicted.

Hanover, Pa., Feb. 16, 1859.

*Dear Sirs:*—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—*Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of the contents of the bottle there was a great improvement in her health. I have, in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefited by it.

JACOB SECHLER.

*From Jesse Smith, Esq., President of the Morris County Bank, Morristown, New Jersey.*

"Having used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for about fifteen years, and having realized its beneficial results in my family, it affords me great pleasure in recommending it to the public as a valuable remedy in cases of weak lungs, colds, coughs, &c., and a remedy which I consider to be entirely innocent, and may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate in health.

*From Hon. John E. Smith, a Distinguished Lawyer in Westminster, Md.*

I have on several occasions used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for severe colds, and always with decided benefit. I know of no preparation that is more efficacious or more deserving of general use.

The Balsam has also been used with excellent effect by J. B. ELLIOTT, Merchant, Hall's Cross Roads, Md.

**Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.**

None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS," on the wrapper.

**For Sale by**

J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, New York.
J. W. FOWLE & CO., Proprietors, Boston.
And by all Druggists.

### REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE.

FORTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

Has fully established the superiority of

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE,

Over all other healing preparations.

It cures all kinds of SORES, CUTS, SCALDS, BURNS, BOILS, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, STIES, PILES, CORNS, SORE LIPS, SORE EYES, &c., REMOVING THE PAIN AT ONCE, AND REDUCING THE MOST ANGRY LOOKING SWELLINGS AND INFLAMATION AS IF BY MAGIC.

ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX, FOR SALE BY

J. P. DINSMORE, NO. 491 Broadway, New-York.
J. W. FOWLE & CO., No. 18 Tremont-st., Boston.
And by all Druggists.

May 6, 1864—eow1y

*CLOTHING IN SCHELLSBURG.*

Having lately purchased an excellent assortment of

**FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,**

consisting of *Over Coats, Dress Coats, Business Coats, Biouses, Vests, Pants, Hats & Caps, White Shirts, Fancy Flannel Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Roundabouts, Neck-ties, Suspenders, Buckskin Gloves,*

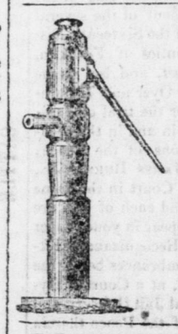
*AND*

NOTIONS IN VARIETY.

We invtie our friends and all who desire to purchase to give us a call at our New Clothing Store in Schellsburg, where as we are doing business on the "*One Price*" System, we flatter ourselves we can render satisfaction by doing justice to every one. We thank our many customers for their patronage, and herewith solicit a continuance of the same kindness.

G. BERKSTRESSER & SON.

Schellsburg, Sept. 16, 1864.



## PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the Erie Pump—certainly the only pump well adapted to this climate.

Persons in need of a good pump will do well to give me a call.

☞Orders from all parts of the county will be attended to with promptness.

Address:

WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsbug.

Aug. 1, 1864.—3m

### ESTATE OF JOHN WEISEL DEC'D.

Letters Testamentary having been granted to the undersigned Executors of the Last Will and testament of John Weisel late of St. Clair township Bedford county Pa. dec'd by the Register of said county—all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN WEISEL
JOHN FICKES
January 6, 1865. Executors.

## FOR SALE OR *TRADE!*

A Farm in Bedford township, owned by John H Rush, about four miles from Bedford, containing 180 acres, about 80 acres cleared, with log house, log barn and other out-buildings thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon.

ALSO—A tract of land containing fifteen acres, about seven acres cleared with a story and a half log house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Joseph Brirkey, John A. Imgrund and others, situate in Juniata township. The cleared land is in good order, and the balance well timbered, all capable of easy improvement and cultivation.

ALSO—A tract of land in Harmon's Bottom, Juniata township, with log house, barn, &c., thereon erected, containing 70 acres and allowance. Part of this tract is cleared and under fence and in a good state of cultivation—near to a school house, mill, &c., adjoining lands of Scott, Low, Hughes and others, and lately purchased from William Hurley.

ALSO—A tract of land in Union township, containing 225 acres, 72 acres cleared, with a farm house, tenant house, double log barn and new Saw Mill thereon erected. Also, an apple orchard thereon—known as the "Snyder" or "Koons" property—60 acres of land—10 cleared and under fence with a log house thereon erected, adjoining George Troutman, George May and others, partly in Juniatta and partly in Londonderry Townships, lately owned by Andrew Wolford.

ALSO—166 acres near Stoverstown within ¼ mile of Broad Top Railroad—about 100 acres cleared, with a two story dwelling house—new bank barn, stable, &c., thereon erected; also, two apple orchards thereon, of choice fruit. The soil is a rich loam, and capable of producing every variety of crops of this climate.

ALSO—160 acres best quality of prairie—near the Missouri river, close to the county seat of Harrison county, Iowa.

ALSO—Two 160 acre tracts, adjoining Elkhorne city, in the richest valley of the west the Platte Valley—about 20 miles west of Omaha city, and close to the great national or government road leading west in Nebraska Territory.

ALSO—160 acres, two miles above Omaha city, on the great bend of the Missouri. This tract is well timbered and very desirable. All of these lands were located after a personal inspection and careful examination of the ground, and can be well relied upon for future wealth. Maps showing the precise location are in my possession.

ALSO—Three desirable lots in Omaha City, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO—A lot of ground in the city of Dacotah, Nebraska Territory

The above real estate will be sold at such prices as to insure safe and profitable investments.

Notes or obligations of any kind, that are good, will be taken in exchange—particularly good bank notes.

May 8, 1863. O. E. SHANNON,

## P. A. REED,

HAS ON HAND

AND CONSTANTLY KEEPS

A FULL SUPPLY

*OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS.*

WHICH HE WILL SELL CHEAP FOR

CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bedford, Jan. 8, 1864.

### RICHARD LEO.

MANUFACTURER OF

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C.,

BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet-making business, will make to order and keep on hand every thing in his line of manufacture.

*BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASH-STANDS, &C., &C.*

will be furnished at all prices, and to suit every taste. COFFINS will also be made to order.

☞Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

☞Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.

RICHARD LEO.

July 10, 1863.—tf

### UNION HOTEL.

WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA.

V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.

This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms. A splendid

Livery Stable

is attached to this hotel. [May 9, 1862.

### WASHINGTON HOTEL,

BEDFORD, PA.

S. S. Diehl and William Dibert would respectfully announce to their friends in Bedford county, and the public generally, that they have leased for a term of years, this large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Julianna streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOTEL," and lately kept by Mrs. S. Filler.

This house is being thoroughly re-fitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and quiet temporary home. Every attention will be paid to the accommodation and comfort of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges will be moderate. Extensive stabling is attached to this Hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance.

Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

Coaches leave this house daily (Sunday excepted) at 6½ o'clock, A. M., and 2 o'clock, P. M., to connect with the trains going East from Mount Dallas and Bloody Run. A coach will also leave tri-weekly (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday) for Somerset. The traveling public will find it decidedly to their advantage to stop with them.

Bedford, Jan. 22, 1864—tf.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Diseases of the Nervous System, Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Impotence, and other affections of the Sexual Organs, Physical Debility and Premature Decay—new and reliable treatment, in reports of the Howard Association, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

July 29, 1864—1y.

## DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE MY DRUG STORE,

On Juliana Street, Bedford. Terms reasonable.

H. C. REAMER.

December 9, 1864

### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Francis Corle, late of Union township, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township; notice is therefore hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment immediately, and those having claims are requested to present them forthwith duly authenticated for settlement.

ADOLPHUS AKE,

December 30, 1864—6t Adm'r.

## New Winter Goods,

AT

## J. M. SHOEMAKER'S CHEAP STORE,

NOW OPENING.

His customers and the public generally are invited to call and examine for themselves.

**HIS GOODS**

ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY, AND

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

**LOOK**

TO YOUR OWN INTEREST

*BY EXAMINING MY STOCK.*

A LARGE LOT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

***Boots and Shoes,***

*OF EXCELLENT QUALITY,*

AND VERY CHEAP,

form a part of my new stock.

MENS' WINTER WEAR,

*OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,*

**Ladies' Dress Goods,**

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, &C., &C.

All to be had at the store of J. M. Shoemaker.

Bedford, Nov. 25, 1864.

### Photographic Pictures.

The subscriber has just returned from Philadelphia, where he has purchased a large and select stock of PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES, comprising

*GILT, EBONY, ROSEWOOD, UNION, AND CARD FRAMES,*

of different styles and varieties, from

**20 Cts. up to Five Dollars, each.**

ALSO—A new assortment of

**Photograph Albums,**

of all styles, holding from 12 to 200 pictures, at prices varying from 75 cents to $20.00,

*Suitable for the Pocket or the Parlor.*

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Melainotypes, &c., taken as low as 25 cents each.

☞Pictures of every kind and description copied to suit the album size or life size, on the most reasonable terms, and in the most durable manner.

Instructions in the art given on moderate terms. Skylight Gallery opposite the Washington Hotel.

T. R. GETTYS.

Bedford, June 10, 1864.

### BEDFORD HOTEL.

The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hafer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.

Bedford, January 15, 1864.

### THE MENGEL HOUSE,

Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that he has recently enlarged, improved and refitted his house, both for the accommodation of travelers and boarders, as well as country customers. Persons coming to this place for the purpose of visiting the Bedford Springs, will find this house pleasantly located.

Ample and convenient Stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also a safe and convenient carriage house.

All are invited to give him a call.

ISAAC MENGEL, Proprietor.

April, 15, 1864.

### BEAUTIFUL SUN UMBRELLAS

Just opened at CRAMER'S.

May 29, 1863.

### NOTICE.

All unsettled accounts upon our books must be closed by cash or note, January 2, 1865. This is the only notice we shall give.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

December 30, 1864.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas to me directed there will be sold at public sale, at the Court House in the borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 11th day of Feb., 1865, at ten o'clock A. M. the following described property; one tract of coal land, containing 60 acres, more or less, about 15 acres cleared and under fence, with a cabin house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Wood, Devereux and Co., John W. Lanes heirs and others, situate in Broad Top township, Bedford county, seized and taken in Execution as the property of Wm. Figard.

ALSO—All that certain messuage and lot of ground, situate in the town of Pleasantville, containing about one half acre, with a one and a half story dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lot of Charles Orin, and others, and taken in execution as the property of Matilda Marshall, formerly Jas. Clossin.

JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff.

Bedford, Jan. 20, 1865.

## BEALL'S FOUNDRY,

CORNER OF CENTRE & HARRISON STREETS,

CUMBERLAND, MD.

THOMAS WILKINSON, SR., Superintendent.

This large and long established Foundry has been purchased and re-opened by the subscriber, under the management of an experienced Superintendent and Machanics and Workmen.

*STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS,*

MINING MACHINERY, RAIL-ROAD AND MINE

CARS, FURNACES, STOVES, GRATES,

PLOUGHS, MILL IRONS, AND

*AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,*

Will be manufactured to order.

A STOCK OF

**"Beall's Egg Stoves,"**

of various sizes; the best pattern for Stoves in the country for burning Cumberland Coal; will be kept on hand, and sold on favorable terms to the trade.

One New Four-horse Power Engine,

Boiler and Fixtures, for sale.

☞Cash paid for old Iron and Metal on delivery at the Foundry.

☞Orders solicited, and all work warranted.

WM. W. McKAIG.

Cumberland, Dec. 2, 1864—3m

## Glorious News!

*TO THE PEOPLE OF BEDFORD COUNTY.*

The first train on the Southern Pennsylvania and Connellsville railroad has arrived heavily freighted with goods of

EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR

## CHEAP CORNER.

We take pleasure in telling our customers and the public that we are now prepared for the

WINTER TRADE.

We have just received a large stock of

*LADIES' WINTER DRESS GOODS,*
SACK FLANNELS,
CLOAK CLOTHS,
SHAWLS, HOODS, &c., &c.

*CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS,*

and a very great variety of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

**Over Coats, Over Coats, Over Coats!**

Come Gentlemen, and examine our stock of clothing.

BOOTS AND SHOES, BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Ladies and Gentlemen, Boys and Girls.

Groceries, Queensware, Tobacco,

and all articles usually found in a first class store.

We are sincerely grateful to a generous public for their patronage in the past, and hope by strict attention to their wants, and a fond desire to please, to make it pay all who visit "CHEAP CORNER."

J. B. FARQUHAR.

Bedford, Dec. 16, 1864.

### LADIES:

At Cramer & Co's you will find Cloaking Cloths, Shawls, Cloaks Hoods, &c., very cheap.

December 2, 1864.

### CLOTHING:

A good assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING just received at CRAMER & CO'S.

December 2, 1864.

### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung Affections, (free of charge,) by sending their address to

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. York.

### LIST OF GRAND JURORS

*Drawn for February Term, 2d Monday, 13th day, A. D. 1865.*

Hugh Wilson, (Foreman,) Jacob Fletcher, Wm. Anderson, David Shafer, John Calhoun, Samuel Elliott, James Taylor, Solomon Egolf, Jacob Boor, Jacob Hillegas of P., John Johnson, Stephen Weimer, Peter Kengy, George Hartman, William Fisher, John Barkman, Daniel R. Anderson, Adam Pote, Henry Mills, Rudolph Hoover, Michael L. Putt, Wm. Cuppet, George Beegle, Baltzer Fletcher.

### LIST OF PETIT JURORS

*Drawn for same Term.*

Samuel Shafer, W. C. Wisegarver, John W. Scott, John Diltz, James O'Neal, Lewis N. Fyan, George Mock, Peter Barton, Amos Collins, William Foster, John Berkhimer, John Homan, Thomas Donahoe, Josiah Elder, George Potter, Aaron Reed, Ewalt Burns, Vach. Brangle, Richard McMullen, William Smith, Jacob Bowser, George Knisely, John Wilhelm, jr., John Kemp, David Sams, Abner Sleek, Westley Perdew, Isaac Kensinger, Lewis Anderson, Samuel Logue, John Whetstone, Philip S. Croft, Charles Oran, Samuel Jay, jr., Duncan McVicker, W. W. Sparks, Hiram Shank, Adam Shafer.

Jan. 27. J. G. FISHER, Clerk.

### Bedford County, ss:

At an Orphans' Court, held at Bedford, on the 21st day of November, A. D., 1864, before the Judges of the said Court, on motion of John P. Reed, Esq., the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of David Kelley, late of Liberty Tp., deceased, to wit: John and Wm. Kelley, their shares owned by Christian Estricht; 3d Sarah, wife of John Grace, 4th, Catharine, wife of ——Baitlebaugh, share owned by Chris. Estricht; 5th, Susan, her share owned by Christian Estricht, 6th, Martha, intermarried with W. Miller, deceased; 7th, Mary, wife of Sam. Medare, 8th Julian a, deceased, leaving surviving her husband, D. Graves, her share owned by Christ. Estricht; 9th Elizabeth, wife of Jas. Bowser, share held by Christ. Estricht, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 2d Monday, 13th day of Feb. next, to accept, or refuse to take the Real Estate of said deceased at the Valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a Writ of Partition or Valuation issued out of our said Court, and to the Sheriff of said County, directed to show cause why the same should not be sold.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court, at Bedford, this 21st day of November, A. D., 1864.

Jan. 6, 1864. O. E. SHANNON, Clerk.

### NEW CARPETING.

☞A large supply of LIST and all WOOL Carpeting. Also—Floor Oil Cloths, all widths, at

Dec. 2, 1864. CRAMER & CO'S.